Fast-Time Simulation of the Benefits of NextGen

Processes and Pontifications

Presented to: 2009 NAS Performance Workshop By: Joseph Post, FAA NextGen and Ops Planning Date: April 15 2009



Federal Aviation Administration

ATO Organizational Context



NextGen Fast-Time Simulation April 15 2009



FAA NextGen Portfolio





Example: TBO

Initiate Trajectory-Based Operations

FY 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025									
Tactical Trajectory Management 104121 Delegated Responsibility for Separation 102118									
Oceanic In-trail Climb and Descent 102108 Reduce Horizontal Separation Standards - 3 Miles 102117									
Automation Support for Mixed Environments 102137 NextGen Oceanic Procedures 102136									
ADS-B Separation 102123 ATC Separation Assurance / Separation Management									
Initial Conflict Resolution Advisories 102114									
Flexible Entry Times for Oceanic Tracks 104102 Expanded Conflict Resolution via Data Communication 104105									
Use Aircraft-Provided Intent Data to Improve Conflict Resolution 102122									
Point-in-Space Metering 104120 TM synchronization / Trajectory Management									
TM Strategic Flow / Flow Contingency Management (Strategic Flow)									
Flexible Airspace Management 108206									
Increase Capacity and Efficiency Using RNAV and RNP 108209									
Airspace Management / Capacity Management (Airspace)									
Provide Interactive Flight Planning from Anywhere 101103									
ATC-Advisory & Flight Planning, Emergency and Alerting, Infrastructure-									
February 26, 2009 Version 3.0									







NextGen Portfolio Modeling

Objective: To develop a modeling environment that can be used for NextGen trade studies and investment decision-making

- Estimates the operational benefits of NextGen improvements
- National in scope
 - Uses FAA NAS-wide simulation environment
- Fully-integrated model accounting for interaction effects
- NextGen "capability" and airport runway focus
 - Capital programs implied
- Ten year projection
- Incorporates latest APO operations & fleet forecasts
- Builds on more detailed capability-level analyses
- Continuous validation and refinement



Analytical Process





Modeling Framework





Federal Aviation Administration

Metrics

Flights accommodated

- NextGen allows more operations at capacity-constrained airports
- Delay
 - Gate push-back
 - Departure runway/fix queuing
 - Sector queuing
 - Arrival fix/runway queuing

Fuel Burn

- Origin to Destination
- US airspace
- CO₂

Jet A savings converted to CO₂ using multiplier of 21.095 lb/gal



Experiment Design

Three cases typically examined:

- 1. "Do nothing"
 - 2007 airport capacities, technologies, and procedures
- 2. "Concrete Only"
 - New runways, runway extensions, and airport configurations included as they are projected to occur
- 3. NextGen = Concrete + ATM Improvements
 - New runways, runway extensions, and airport configurations included as they are projected to occur
 - NextGen technologies and procedures also included



Airports Represented in NASPAC

- Arrival/departure capacities for 110 airports
 All other airports assumed to have infinite capacity
- VFR traffic included at subset of 73 airports
- NextGen procedural/technological improvements at OEP 35 airports



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Airspace Modeled

- All IFR flights in US airspace
- 939 airspace elements "capacitated"





Runway Project Assumptions



Airport improvement assumed to take effect the first full year following that indicated. AJP makes no claims about the need for, or benefits of, these projects.



NextGen Improvements





Demand and Weather

- Historical traffic and weather data used to generate future scenarios
 - Sufficient number and scope of historical days needed for accurate annualization of effects

Variables to consider

- Traffic (i.e., demand)
 - Weekly, seasonal, and regional variation
- Weather
 - Surface weather (ceiling, visibility), convective weather, winds, etc.

Eight days used to represent year

- High demand (weekday), low demand (weekend)
- Four seasons





Sources of Uncertainty

Modeling limitations

- Airport capacities
- Arrival/departure fix constraints & TRACONs
- Traffic Flow Management (TFM)
- Controller workload and sector capacity
- Weather effects
- Etc.

Demand forecasting

- Economic growth
- Operator response
 - Route network
 - Scheduling
 - Fleet evolution
 - Mergers and acquisitions

NextGen Capabilities

- Schedule
- Effectiveness
- Equipage



Typical Test Matrix

	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10	FY11	FY12	FY13	FY14	FY15	FY16	FY17	FY18	
10/19/2006	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
12/10/2006	•		•	•	•				•				
1/21/2007	•								•••				
3/15/2007	•								•••				
4/19/2007	•								•••				
6/23/2007	•		•••	•••					•••	•••			
8/18/2007	•		$\bullet \bullet \bullet$	•••					•••				
8/30/2007	•												
	Seed Year							 No runway or ATM enhancements New runways only New runways and ATM enhancements 					





NextGen Modeling Next Steps

Regular annual update

- Jan. 2009 traffic forecast
- New fleet forecast
- Review airport infrastructure assumptions
- New NextGen Implementation Plan

Model enhancements

- Improved airport capacities
 - Accommodate multiple airport configurations
 - Update capacities for "next 30" airports
- Local airfield weather effects
- Revised itinerary algorithm and input data distributions
- GDP function
- En route weather
- Other improvements?
 - Arrival/departure fix constraints
 - Airspace capacity models
 - Sectors, TRACONs
 - Improve trajectory module
 - STARs, DPs, fuel burn
 - Oceanic constraints







Changing Traffic Forecasts (1 of 2)

Forecast Operations at OEP 35 Airports





Changing Traffic Forecasts (2 of 2)

Change in Forecast Operations, OEP 35 Airports





Delay Projections, Jan. 2008 TAF





Delay Projections, Dec. 2008 TAF





NextGen Delay Benefit (1 of 2)





NextGen Delay Benefit (2 of 2)

















Modeling Framework



