Moving Metrics: <u>A Performance-Oriented View of the Aviation Infrastructure</u>

Conference Wrap-UP

By

Bill Dunlay NEXTOR, U C Berkeley

Complex Subject Matter

- It isn't brain surgery
- It isn't rocket science
- It isn't theoretical physics
- It isn't creating a PBO within the FAA

1994-1995 National Capacity Indicators Forum

Current Conditions

- Many disparate definitions and measures of capacity and delay for different applications.
- Many different data collection and R&D programs with their own definitions of capacity and delay.
- Many analysts who have valuable insights and "tool kits"
- Lack of fundamental measures of basic performance

Needs

- Develop believable, agreed-upon measures to establish credibility
- Consolidate various existing data, definitions, measures, and programs

1994-1995 National Capacity Indicators Forum (continued)

Approach

- Define goals, then measures, then data collection techniques
- Goals (need only enough data to support goals)
 - Achieve additional capacity
 - Establish best way to spend limited resources
 - Be "solution-oriented" (e.g., ITWS)
 - Get basic data out for analysts to use

Metrics

- How do we balance having too much complexity with too much simplicity?
 - Measurement artifact pyramid (bottom to top): measures, metrics, indicators, and models
- Caution on using single metric in isolation
 - Always accompany with components
 - Anticipate effects on behavior and game-playing
- Must maintain link with organizational goals and objectives
- Need for understanding how individual stakeholders are affected and how they "value" metrics

What Do All These Metrics Do for Us?

- Justify investments / make the business case
- Compare/prioritize alternative improvements
- Measure trends and point to potential problems
- Analyze tradeoffs
- Reward performance
- Effect desired behavior
- Incentivise desired change
- Identify inequities
- Achievement of goals and objectives

Proxy Revenues Versus Proxy Prices

- Operate like a business
- Redistribution of costs according to benefits received
- Accountability to the customers, owners, employees

Safety and Capacity Tradeoffs

- Recent initiatives for reducing aviation accident/fatality rates by 80 percent by 2007
- Very sensitive topic
 - All agree that safety must be preserved and enhanced
 - Cost tradeoffs (value of human life)
 - Safety at any cost
 - Capacity at any cost
- Safety / accident precursors versus collision risk
- Need to understand process by which safety standards are developed and evaluated
 - Essential to achievement of benefits from future technology improvements in OEP
 - Basis for setting "ENABLING" CNS/ATM performance requirements

Dr. Thunderstorm: There are Limits

- Things we can and cannot control
 - Convective weather one third of the days
 - Extremely valuable mitigation techniques (ITWS/CIWS products)
 - Limitations of forecasts
 - Disorganized storm systems
 - Four-hour forecasts not in the cards
- Message: We will continue to have major disturbances in the system

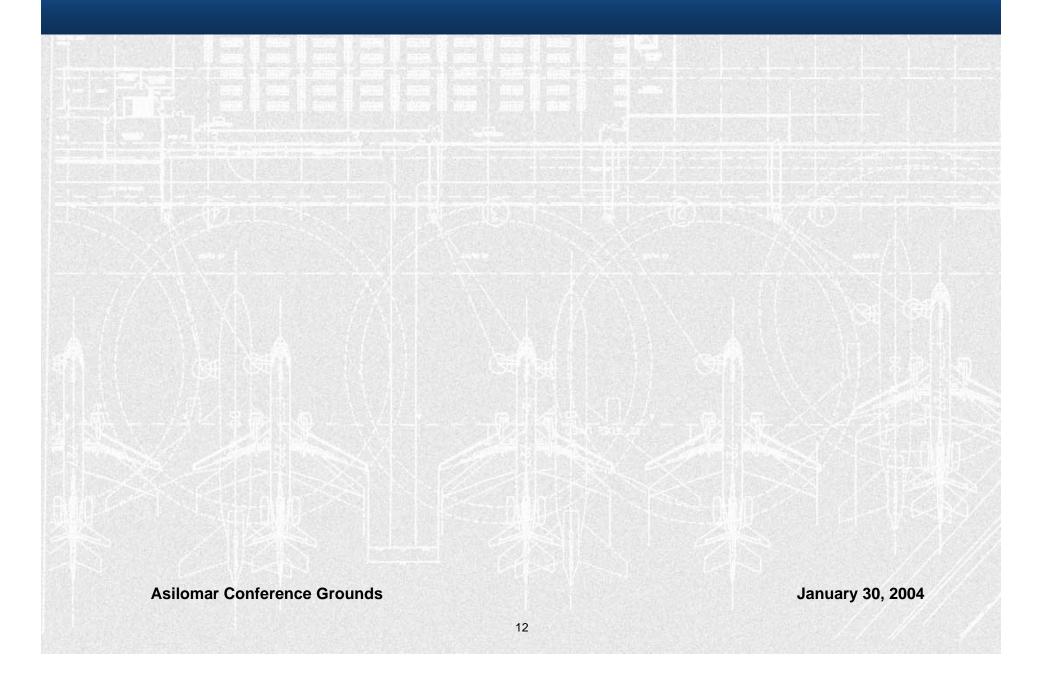
Other Limits: Things We Cannot Control

- Uncertainty: DEAL WITH IT
 - Not going away
- Airline scheduling (our customers)
 - Flight times
 - Aircraft fleet mix
- Death and taxes of aviation industry (along with convective weather)

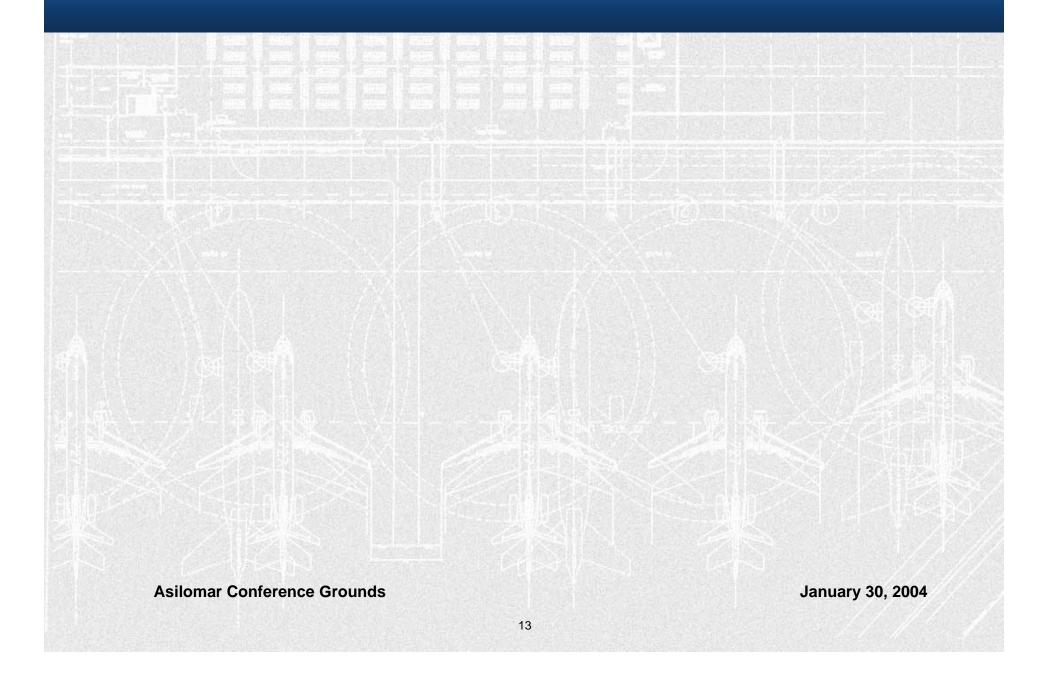
Oceanic ATC Challenges

- CPDLC
- RVSM
- RNP RNAV
- ADS-A/B
- Complex international standards and agreements

That's a Wrap



Airline Perspectives



Inter-Sectorial Comparisons

