

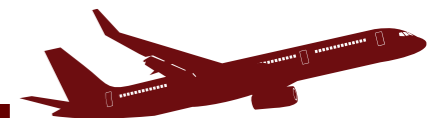


# Runway Performance Database and Surface Performance Evaluation

N. Hinze, N. Mirmohammadsadeghi, M. Rimjha, M. Bollempalli, A. Izadi  
Principal Investigators: S. Hotle and A.A. Trani  
Virginia Tech



**NEXTOR II Symposium**  
**Washington, DC**  
**October 26, 2018**



# Outline of the Presentation and Acknowledgements

- Objectives and need for aircraft ground behavior data
- Landing events database
- Taxi event extraction tool
- Conclusions

FAA projects funded through the National Center of Excellence for Aviation Operations Research (NEXTOR II)

## **FAA Project Sponsors:**

***Kent Duffy and Lauren Vitagliano***

Landing Events Database and Runway Exit Design Model

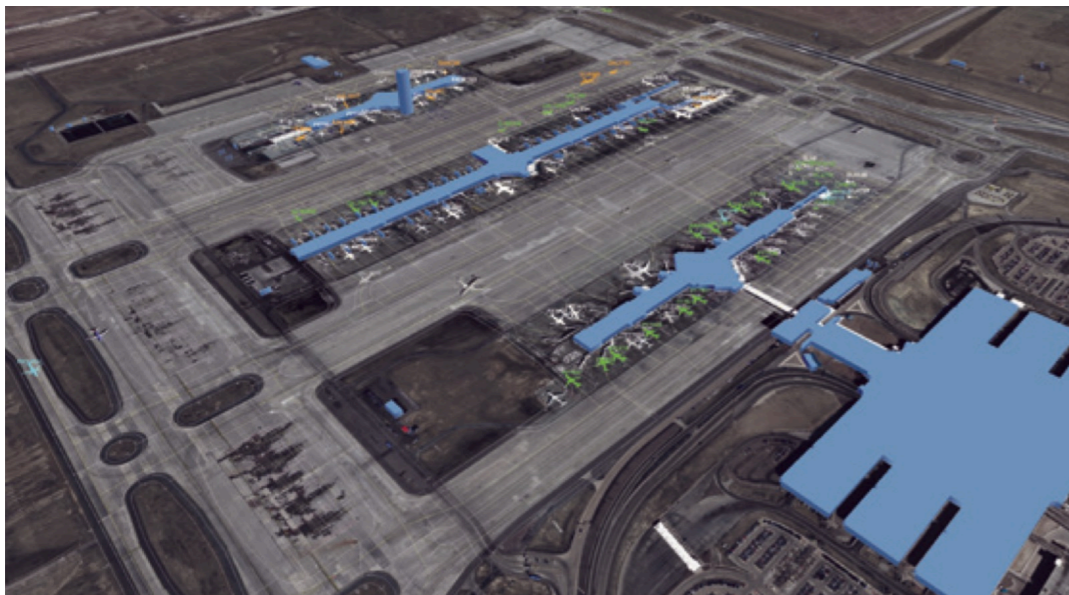
## **John Gulding**

Aircraft Taxi Event Extraction from ASDE-X Surveillance for Surface Performance Evaluation



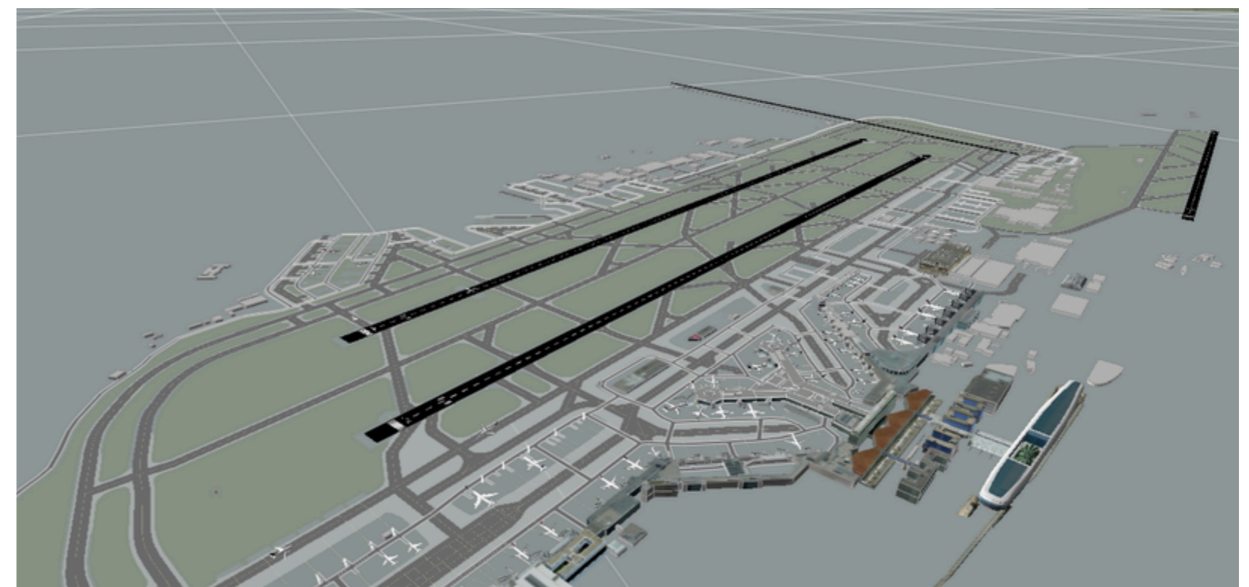
# The Need for Surface Aircraft Data and Models

- Runway and taxiway aircraft behavior data is important in the design (or re-design) of airport infrastructure
- Most fast-time airport/airspace simulation tools include detailed airport network information
- The same tools, do not provide unified guidance about individual aircraft behavior characteristics on the ground
- The purpose of the **tools presented** is to help airport planners and designers understand individual aircraft behavior on the ground

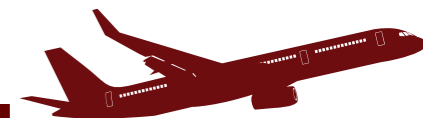


Source: Jeppesen

Total Airspace and Airport Modeler (TAAM)



Source: Airtopsoft, AirTOp



# Information Required in Airport Design and Fast-Time Simulation Tools

- Landing roll performance
  - Landing runway occupancy times
  - Runway exit use information
  - Runway deceleration characteristics
  - Runway exit speeds
- Takeoff roll performance
  - Departure runway occupancy times
  - Takeoff acceleration characteristics
- Taxi-in and taxi-out travel times
- Unimpeded taxi-in and taxi-out times



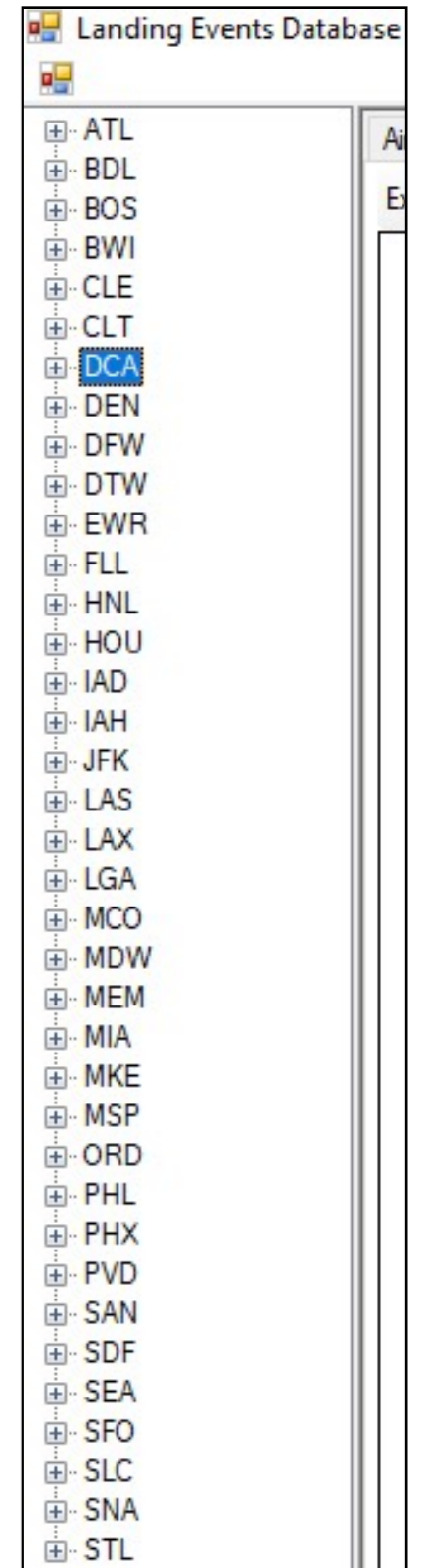


# Landing Events Database



# FAA/Virginia Tech Landing Events Database Version 1.1

- A large database with detailed landing events extracted from ASDE-X adaptation data
- Contains data for all 37 U.S. airports (years 2015 and 2016)
  - 11.8 million landing event records
  - 800 million track points from runway threshold to hold bar
  - 150 GB size (Virginia Tech/Amazon Web Server)
  - Includes 3,840 runway exits
- ASDE-X data provided by FAA Technical Center (Tom Tessitore)
- Model validation using video taken at three U.S. airports
  - Chicago O'Hare (ORD)
  - Charlotte-Douglas International (CLT)
  - Washington Reagan National airport (DCA)





# FAA/Virginia Tech Landing Events Database

Windows 7/10 Application

## Runway Use and Landing Events Database : Quick User Guide

N. Hinze, N. Mirmohammadsadeghi, M. Bollempalli, A. Izadi, M. Rimjha, and A. Trani

Air Transportation Systems Laboratory

Virginia Tech

September 20, 2018




- Database uses Airport Surface Detection Equipment (ASDE-X) data
- Algorithms developed to predict landing roll parameters (used in new Runway Exit Design Model)





### Landing Events Database

Version 1.1.0  
Copyright © 2018



Landing Events Database - [Landing Events Database]

- ATL
- BDL
- BOS
- BWI
- CLE
- CLT
- DCA
- DEN
- DFW
- DTW
- EWR
- FLL
- HNL
- HOU
- IAD
- IAH
- JFK
- LAS
- LAX
- LGA
- MCO
- MDW
- MEM
- MIA
- MKE
- MSP
- ORD
- PHL
- PHX
- PVD
- SAN
- SDF
- SEA
- SFO
- SLC
- SNA
- STL

### Landing Events Database

Version 1.1.0

**Virginia Tech - Air Transportation Systems Lab**

Dr. Antonio Trani (Team Leader)	Mani Bhargava Reddy Bollempalli
Nicolas Hinze (Team Co-Leader)	Mihir Rimjha
Navid Mirmohammadsadeghi	

**FAA - Project Sponsors**

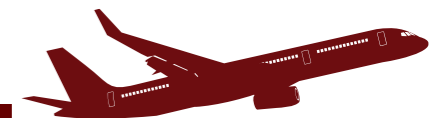
Kent Duffy	FAA Airports Planning and Environmental Division (APP-400)
Lauren Collins	FAA William J. Hughes Technical Center

For technical questions about this software please contact Nicolas Hinze (nhinze@vt.edu) directly.

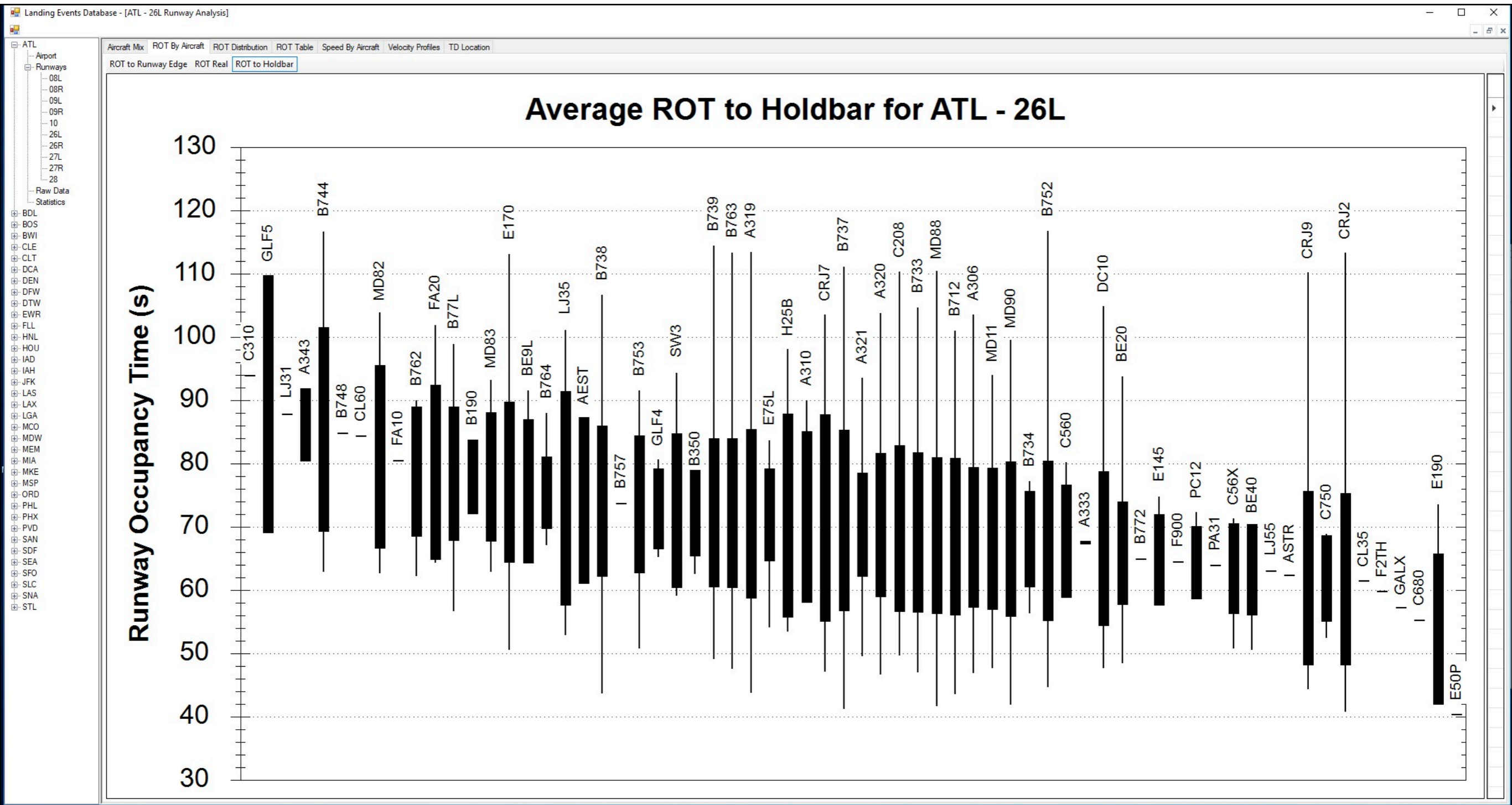
Data contained in this dataset is being released for interim evaluation by industry stakeholders and is subject to change as the REDIM update is finalized.

No warranties: To the extent permitted by applicable law, neither Virginia Tech, nor any person, either expressly or implicitly, warrants any aspect of this software or program, including any output or results of this software or program, unless agreed to in writing. This software and program is being provided 'as is', without any warranty of any type or nature, either express or implied, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, and any warranty that this software or program is free from defects.

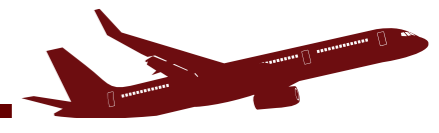
Disclaimer: In no event shall Virginia Tech, or any person be liable for any loss, expense or damage, of any type or nature arising out of the use of, or inability to use this software or program, including, but not limited to, claims, suits or causes of action involving alleged infringement of copyrights, patents, trademarks, trade secrets, or unfair competition.



# Database Contains Information on Runway Occupancy Times for Individual Aircraft







# Cumulative Density Function of Runway Occupancy Times by Aircraft/Airport

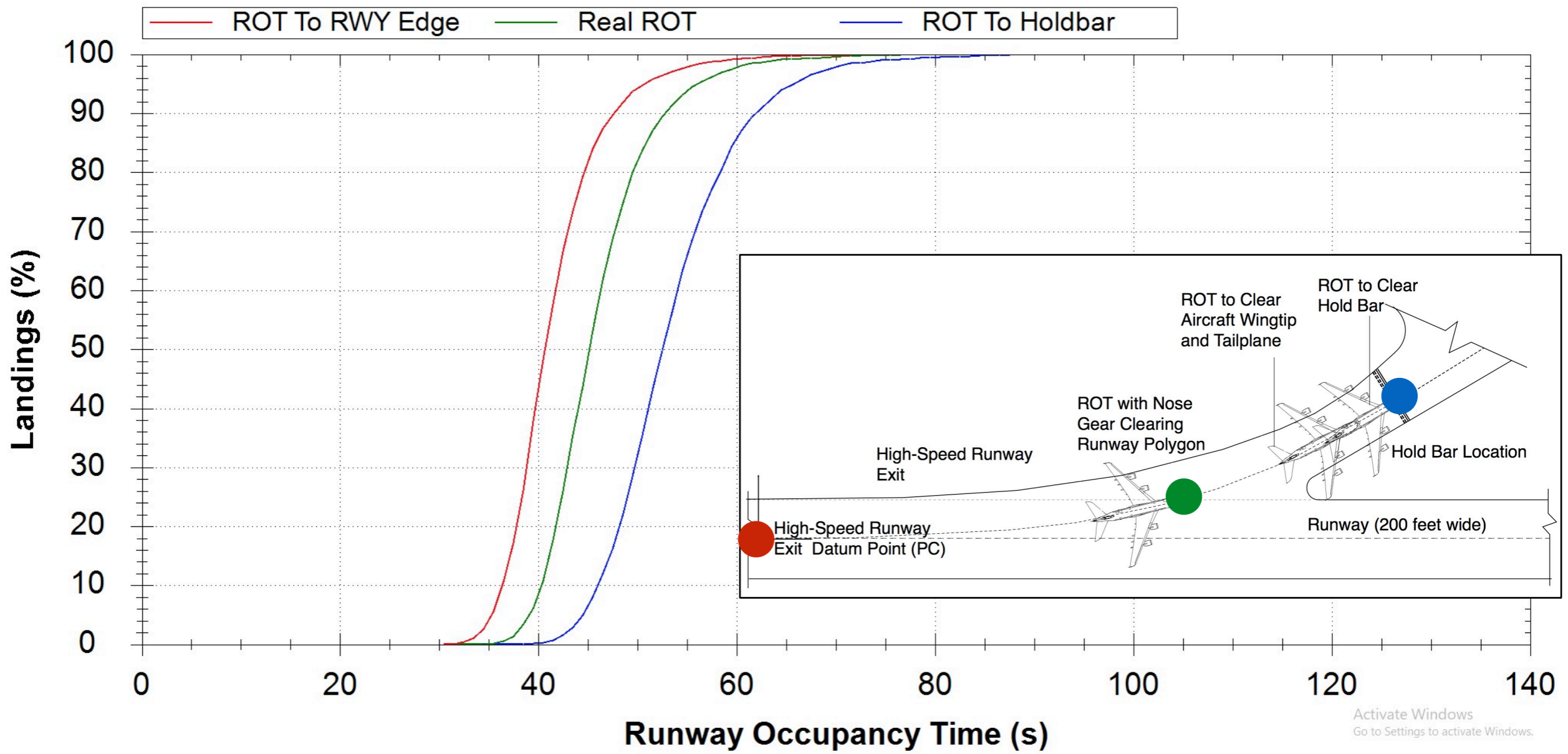
Landing Events Database - [DCA - 01 Runway Analysis]

- ATL
- BDL
- BOS
- BWI
- CLE
- CLT
- DCA
- Airport
- Runways
- 01
- 04
- 15
- 19
- 22
- 33
- Raw Data
- Statistics
- DEN
- DFW
- DTW
- EWR
- FLL
- HNL
- HOU
- IAD
- IAH
- JFK
- LAS
- LAX
- LGA
- MCO
- MDW
- MEM
- MIA
- MKE
- MSP
- ORD
- PHL
- PHX
- PVD
- SAN
- SDF
- SEA
- SFO
- SLC
- SNA
- STL

Aircraft Mix ROT By Aircraft ROT Distribution ROT Table Speed By Aircraft Velocity Profiles TD Location

Exit: E-33 Aircraft: A319 PDF CDF Plot

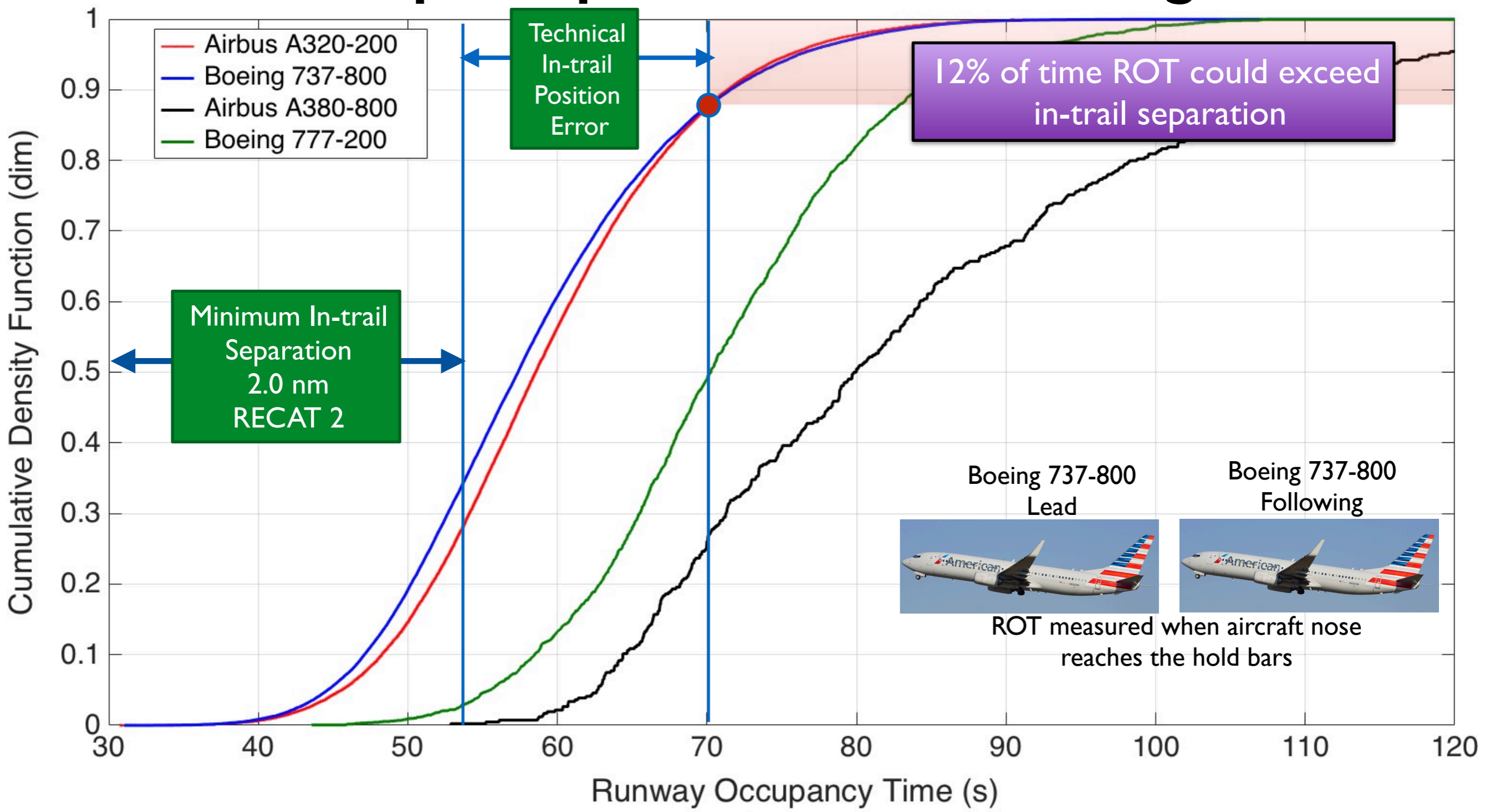
### CDF of ROT for DCA - 01 - E-33 - A319



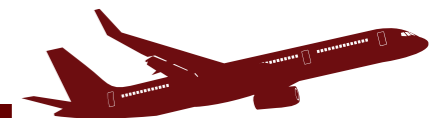
Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.



# Importance of Runway Occupancy Time in Future Airport Operations (Wake Re-categorization)

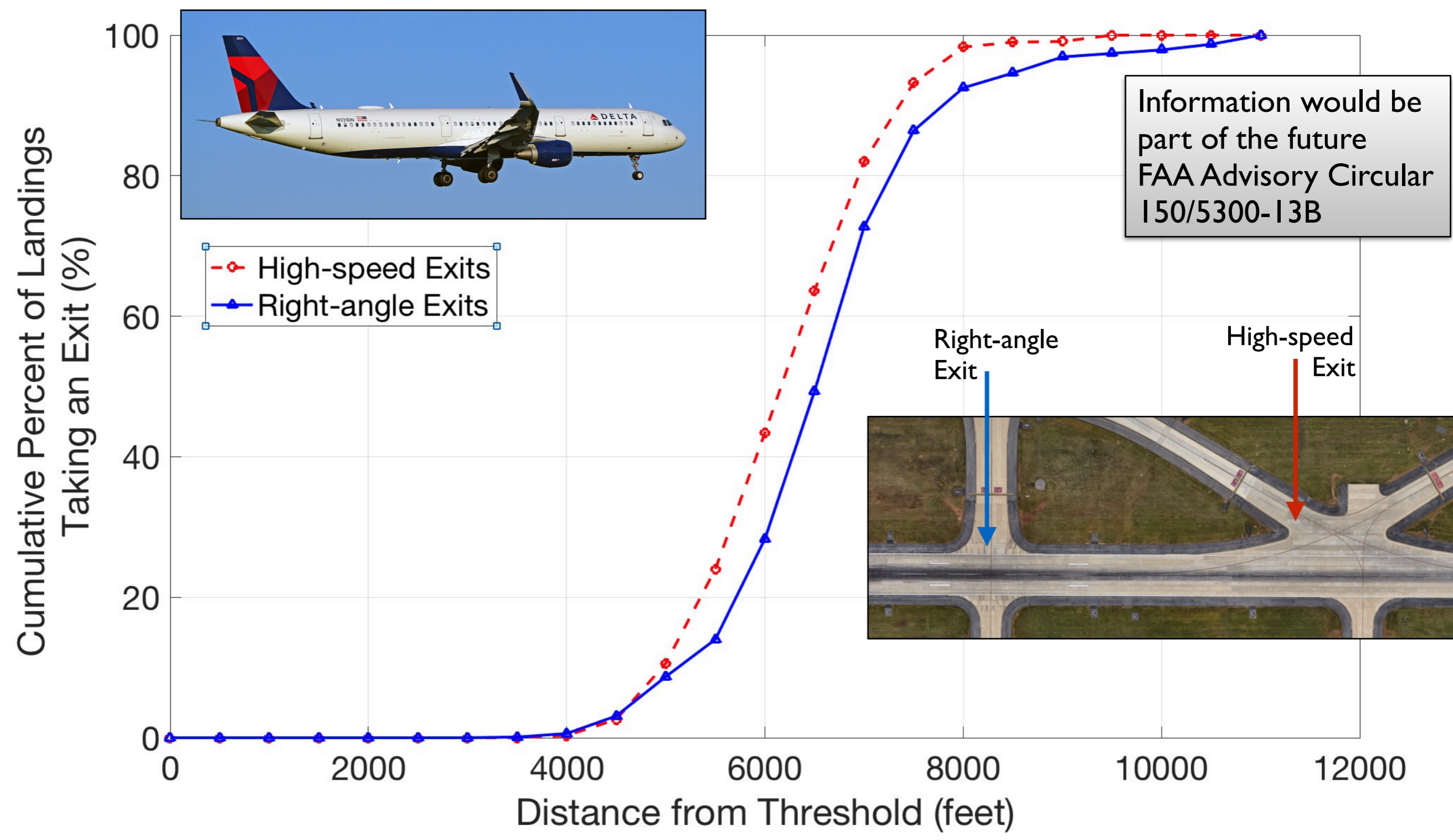


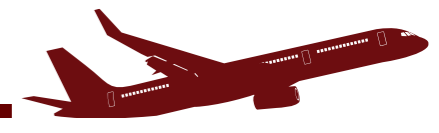
source of data: ASDE-X (37,383 Boeing 737-800 operations at 20 US airports)



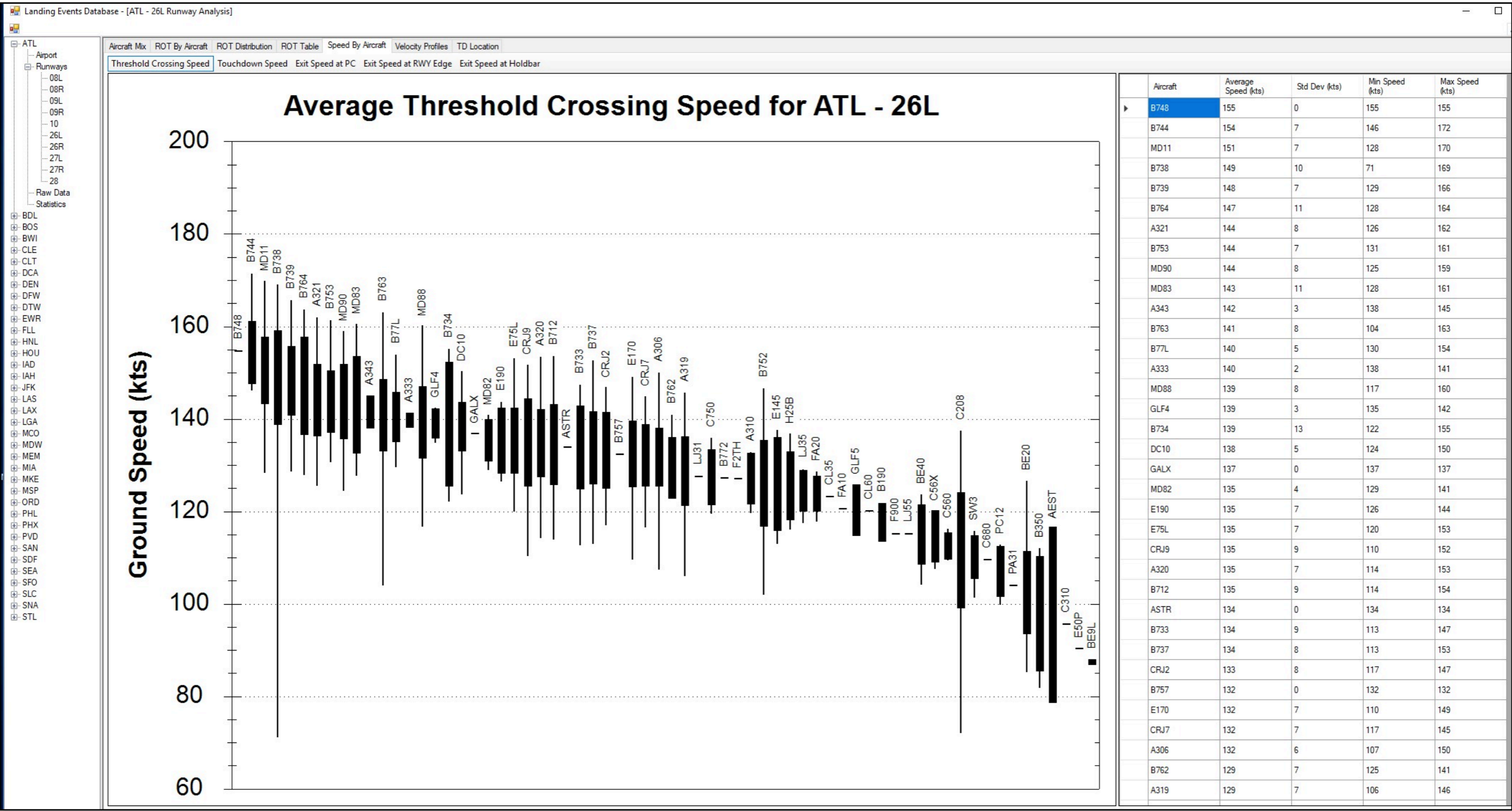
# Operational Landing Roll Distance Distribution

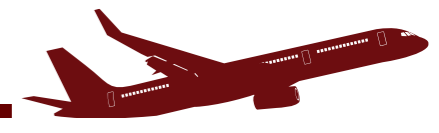
## Airbus A321 Data



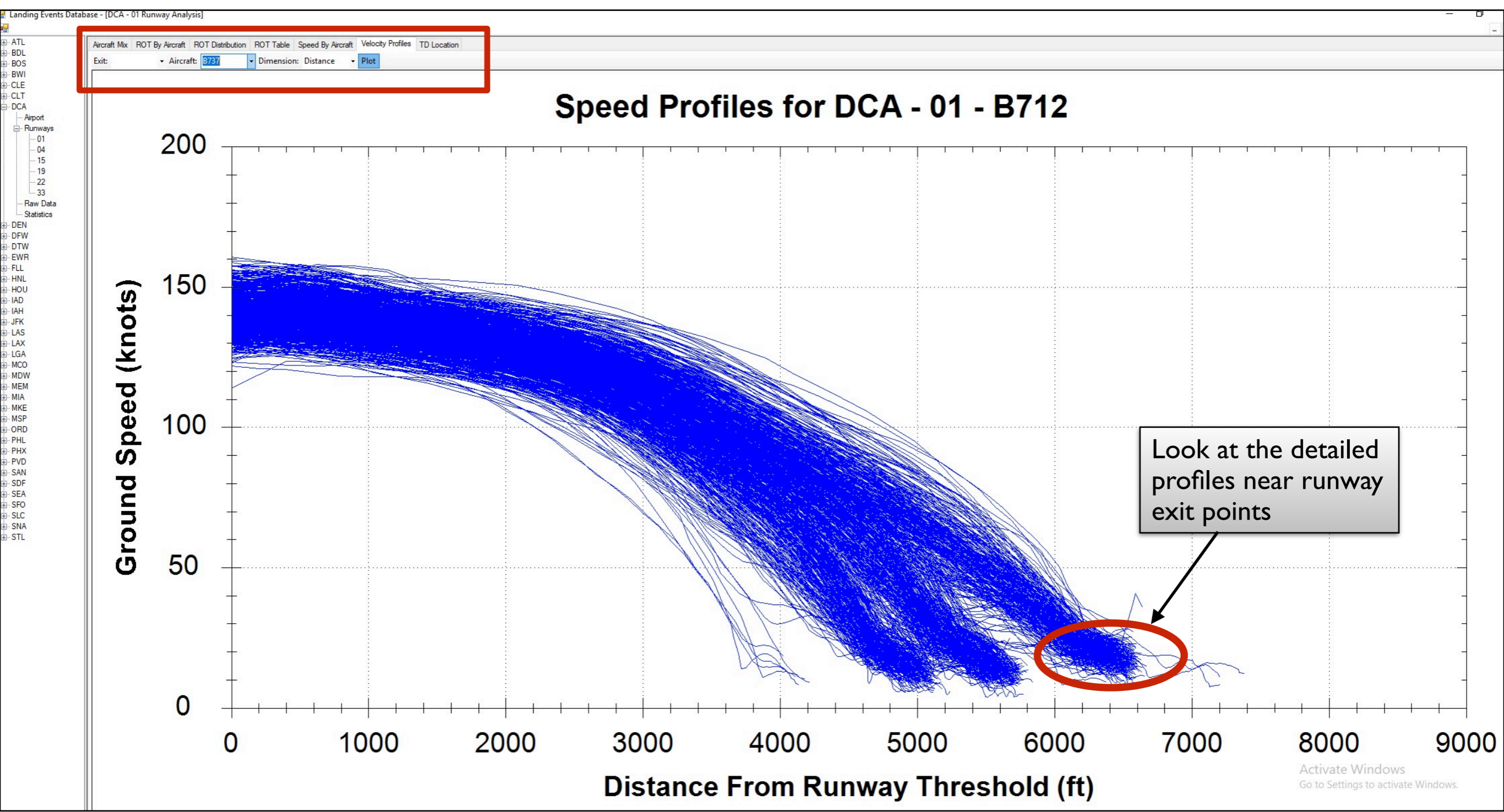


# Average Runway Threshold Ground Speeds



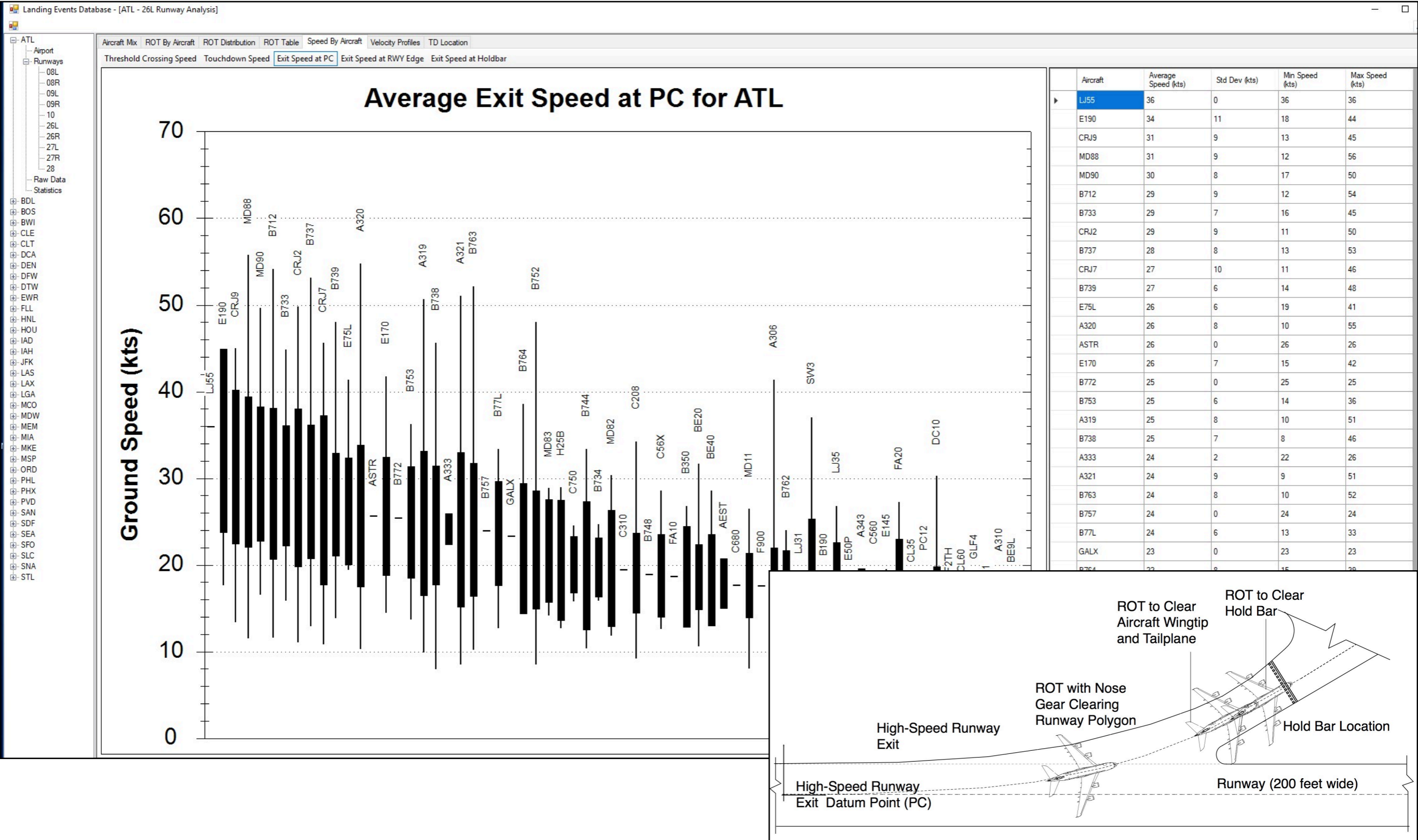


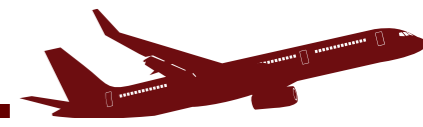
# Velocity Profiles by Airport and Aircraft





# Runway Exit Speeds at Point of Curvature





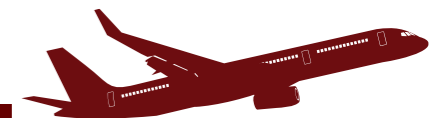
# Table Summary with Runway Occupancy and Percent of Aircraft Taking a Runway Exit

Landing Events Database - [ATL - 26L Runway Analysis]

Aircraft Mix | ROT By Aircraft | ROT Distribution | ROT Table | Speed By Aircraft | Velocity Profiles | TD Location  
 ROT to Runway Edge | ROT Real | ROT to Holdbar

### ROT to Holdbar for ATL - 26L

aircraft_type	B10-S	B4	B6	C-L	C-R	D-L	D-R	E1	E11	E3	E5	E7	H-L	H-R	Average
A306		82.1s 4.3%	73.6s 55.4%	70.9s 0.7%	60.8s 12.2%		56.6s 23.7%				78.1s 2.9%	65.2s 0.7%			68.4s
A310					58.2s 33.3%		66.7s 33.3%			90.1s 33.3%					71.7s
A319			81.5s 2.9%	75.5s 1.1%	70.4s 0.6%	58.0s 2.3%	60.9s 2.3%	94.8s 2.3%		79.9s 38.3%	71.7s 21.7%	59.4s 27.4%	105.3s 0.6%	100.9s 0.6%	72.1s
A320			63.8s 1.9%	46.8s 1.0%		57.4s 1.9%		83.1s 3.8%		74.5s 45.2%	72.9s 24.0%	57.6s 21.2%	103.9s 1.0%		70.3s
A321				54.5s 2.0%				84.2s 2.0%		71.2s 63.3%	69.8s 24.5%	57.9s 6.1%		93.6s 2.0%	70.4s
A333										67.6s 100.0%					67.6s
A343										86.2s 100.0%					86.2s
AEST				61.1s 50.0%			87.4s 50.0%								74.3s
ASTR			62.4s 100.0%												62.4s
B190			83.8s 50.0%				72.2s 50.0%								78.0s
B350							72.4s 100.0%								72.4s
B712			50.9s 1.6%							74.9s 60.3%	67.2s 14.3%	54.5s 23.8%			68.6s
B733										75.1s 54.9%	68.5s 11.8%	56.9s 31.4%		104.7s 2.0%	69.2s

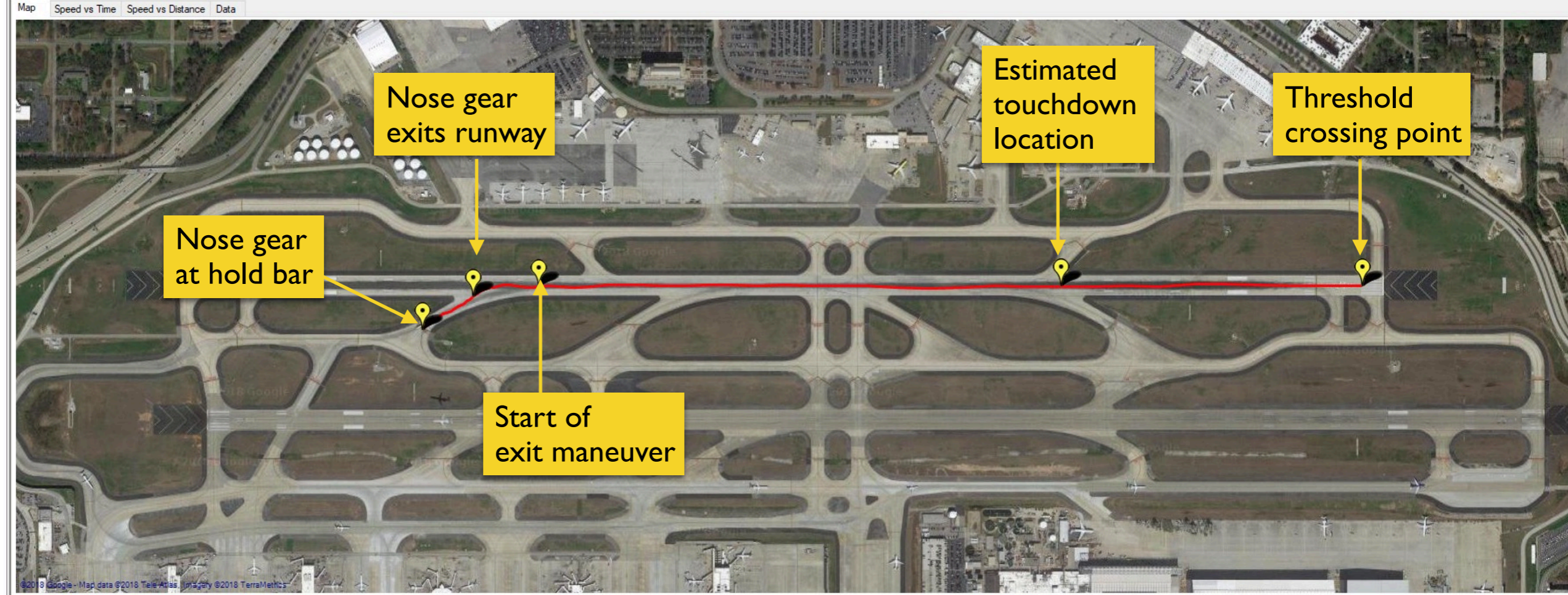


# Google Earth Viewport Functionality Includes Pan/Zoom Functions

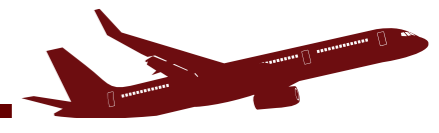
Landing Events Database - [ATL Raw Data]

- ATL
- Airport
- Runways
- 08L
- 08R
- 09L
- 09R
- 10
- 26L
- 26R
- 27L
- 27R
- 28
- Raw Data
- Statistics
- BDL
- BOS
- BWI
- CLE
- CLT
- DCA
- DEN
- DFW
- DTW
- EWB
- FLL
- HNL
- HOU
- IAD
- IAH
- JFK
- LAS
- LAX
- LGA
- MCO
- MDW
- MEM
- MIA
- MKE
- MSP
- ORD
- PHL
- PHX
- PVD
- SAN
- SDF
- SEA
- SFO
- SLC
- SNA
- STL

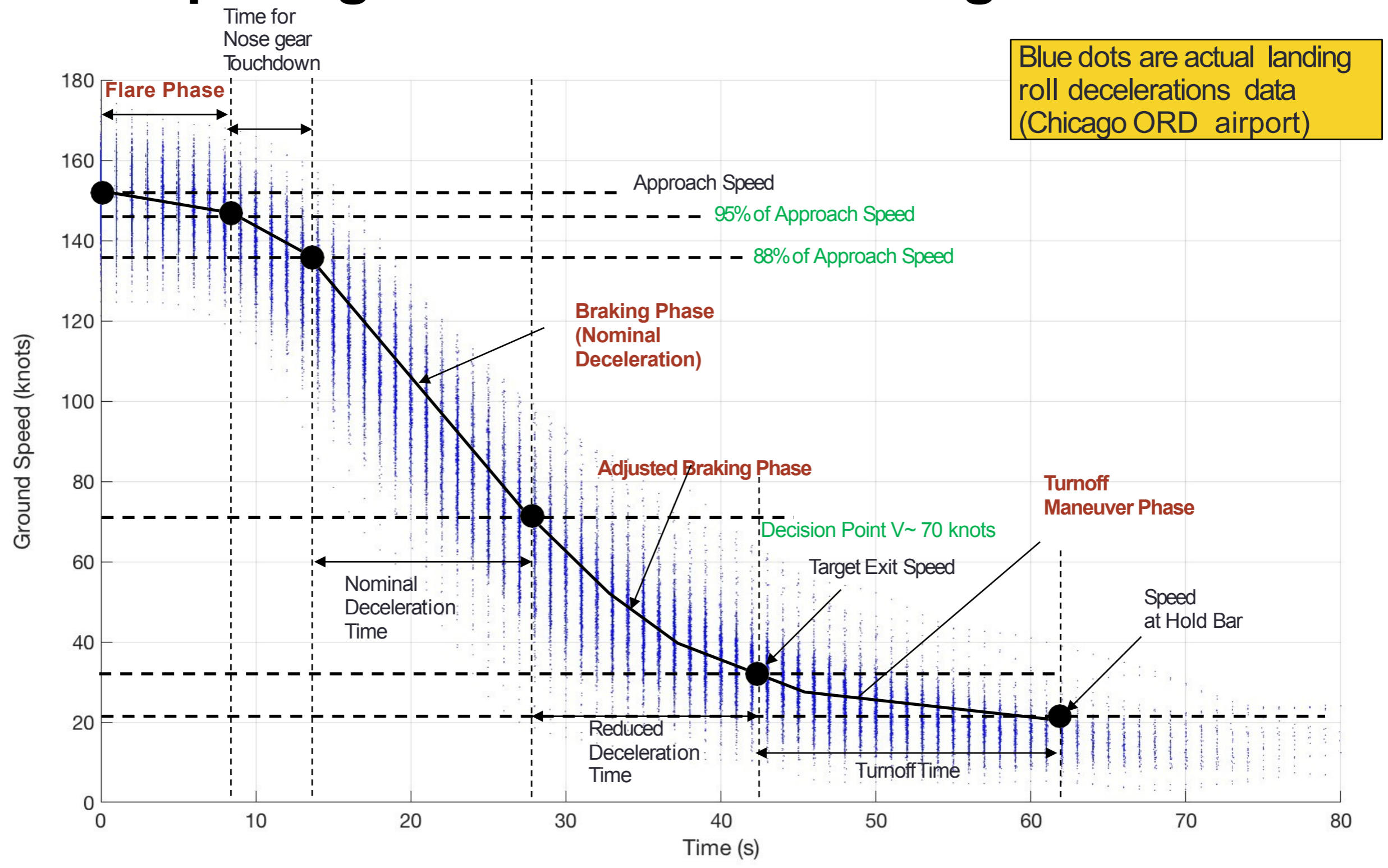
Flight ID	Aircraft	Runway	Exit	Enter Time	Exit Time	Touchdown (s)	Touchdown (ft)	ROT Edge (s)	ROT Fuselage (s)	ROT Holdbar (s)	Exit Distance (ft)	Threshold Crossing Speed (kts)	Touchdown Speed (kts)	Exiting Speed (kts)	ROT Edge Speed (kts)	ROT Fuselage Speed (kts)	ROT Holdbar Speed (kts)	Flag
KLM255	B772	26R	B3	10/8/16 12:0...	10/8/16 12:...	10.2	2,445	46.1	58.2	66.1	7,189	146	138	31	22	14	12	0
KLM255	B772	26R	B3	2/21/16 1:10...	2/21/16 1:1...	10.2	2,411	48.6	63.6	74.6	7,186	125	112	47	12	12	8	0
AFR688	B772	26R	B3	11/11/15 10:...	11/11/15 1:...	9.8	2,393	45.1	54.1	61.1	7,188	147	139	36	28	16	12	0
KLM255	B772	26R	B3	3/28/16 12:1...	3/28/16 12:...	9.7	2,281	50.7	60.7	69.7	7,190	143	134	31	24	15	9	0
BAW7TG	B772	26R	B3	2/9/15 11:48...	2/9/15 11:4...	9.6	2,275	44.5	58.4	69.4	7,198	142	132	33	24	11	11	0
DAL296	B772	26R	B3	2/21/16 8:53...	2/21/16 8:5...	9.7	2,238	46.2	58.2	65.2	7,177	136	127	34	28	16	11	0
AFR688	B772	26R	B3	11/13/15 10:...	11/13/15 1:...	10.2	2,235	55.6	67.7	76.6	7,189	116	106	26	20	13	11	0
KLM255	B772	26R	B3	2/28/16 2:02...	2/28/16 2:0...	9.5	2,211	55.9	71.9	80.9	7,179	129	120	25	21	12	9	0







# Developed Algorithms to Predict Landing Roll Parameters





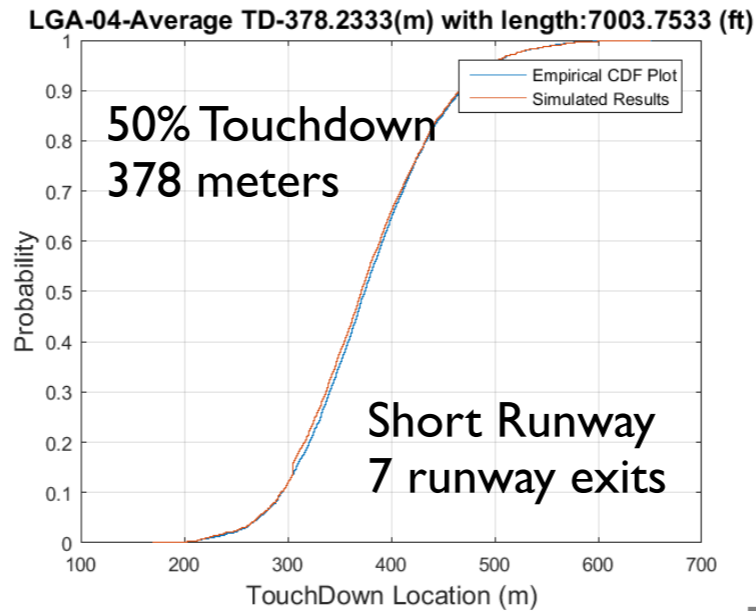
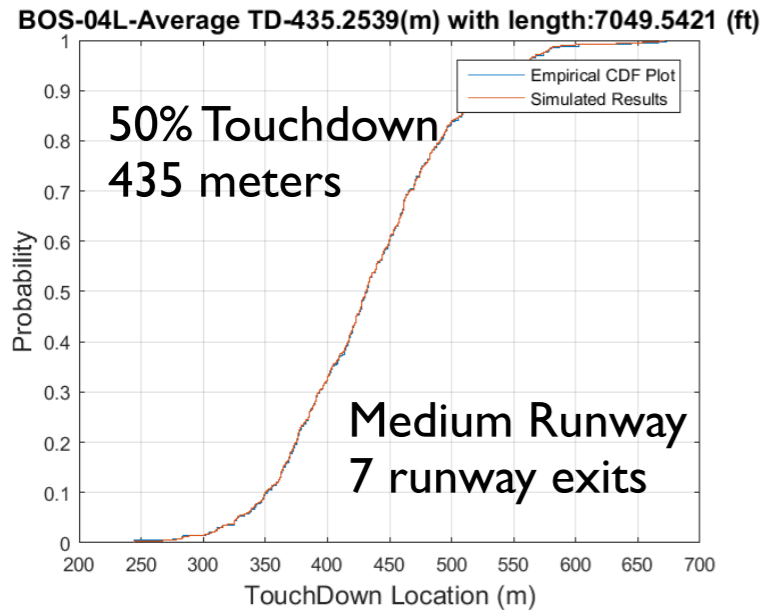
# Validation of Landing Parameters using Video Data Collected at Three Airports

Aircraft Type	DCA Video Data Collection				Estimate from ASDE-X		Error
	Touchdown Distance (m)	Touchdown Distance STD (m)	Runway Occupancy Time (s)	Time Between Main gear and Nose Gear Touchdown (s)	Touchdown Distance (m)	Touchdown Distance STD (m)	Percent Difference (%)
Boeing 737-800	390	65	44.9	2.7	389	66	0.26
Embraer 175	384	69	44.7	3.2	373	65	2.86
Embraer 135	343	80	44.1	3.3	340	63	0.87

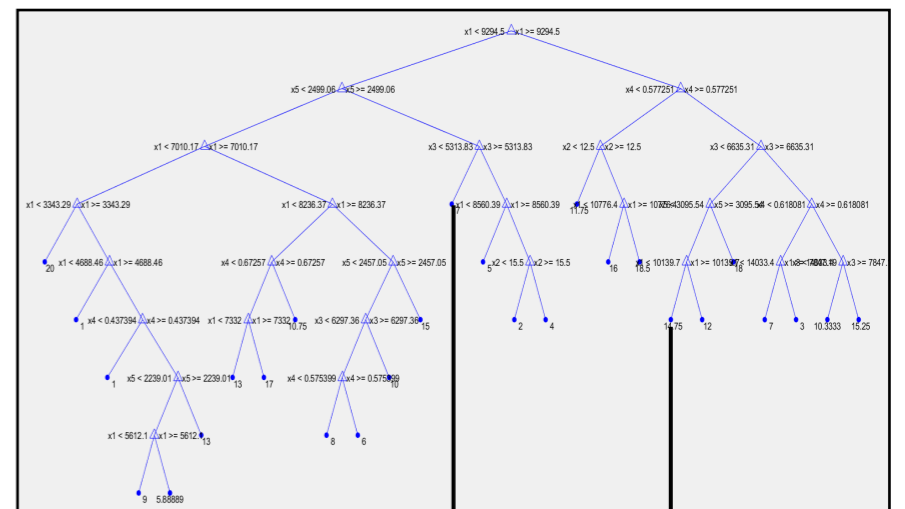
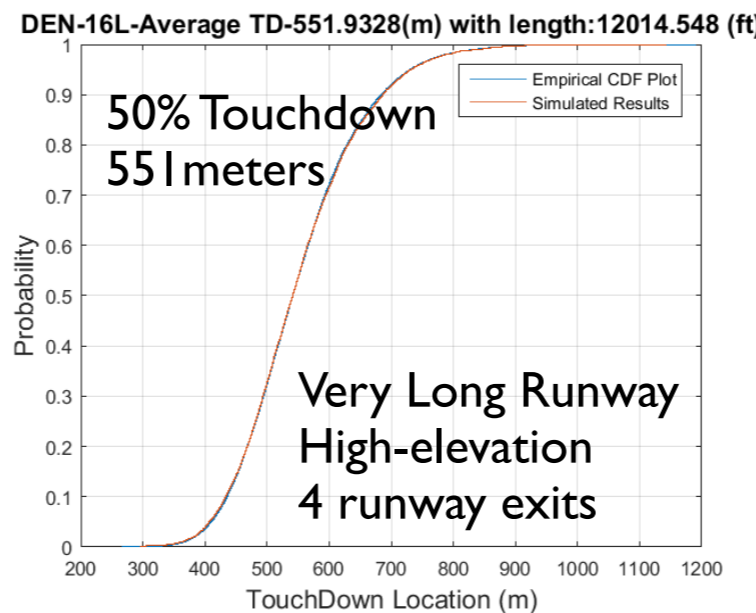
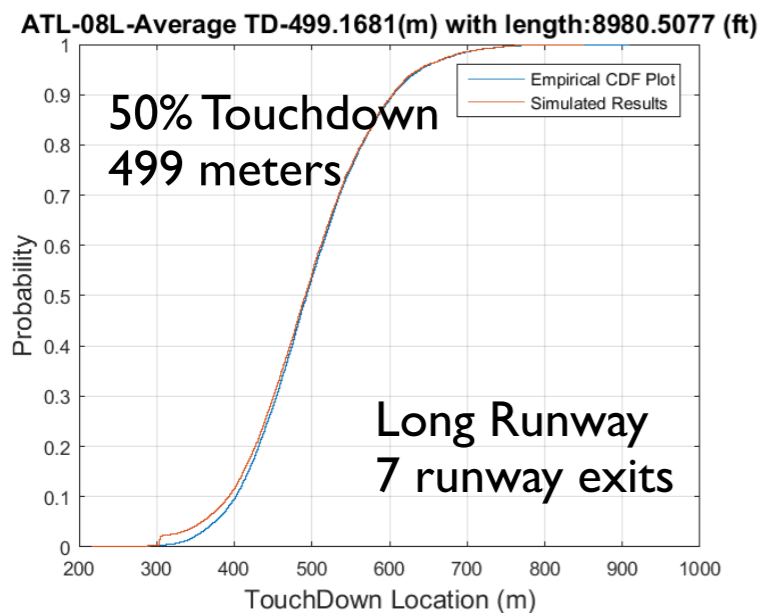




# Good Correlation Between Estimated Touchdown Location and Simulated Results: Four Runway Clusters Shown



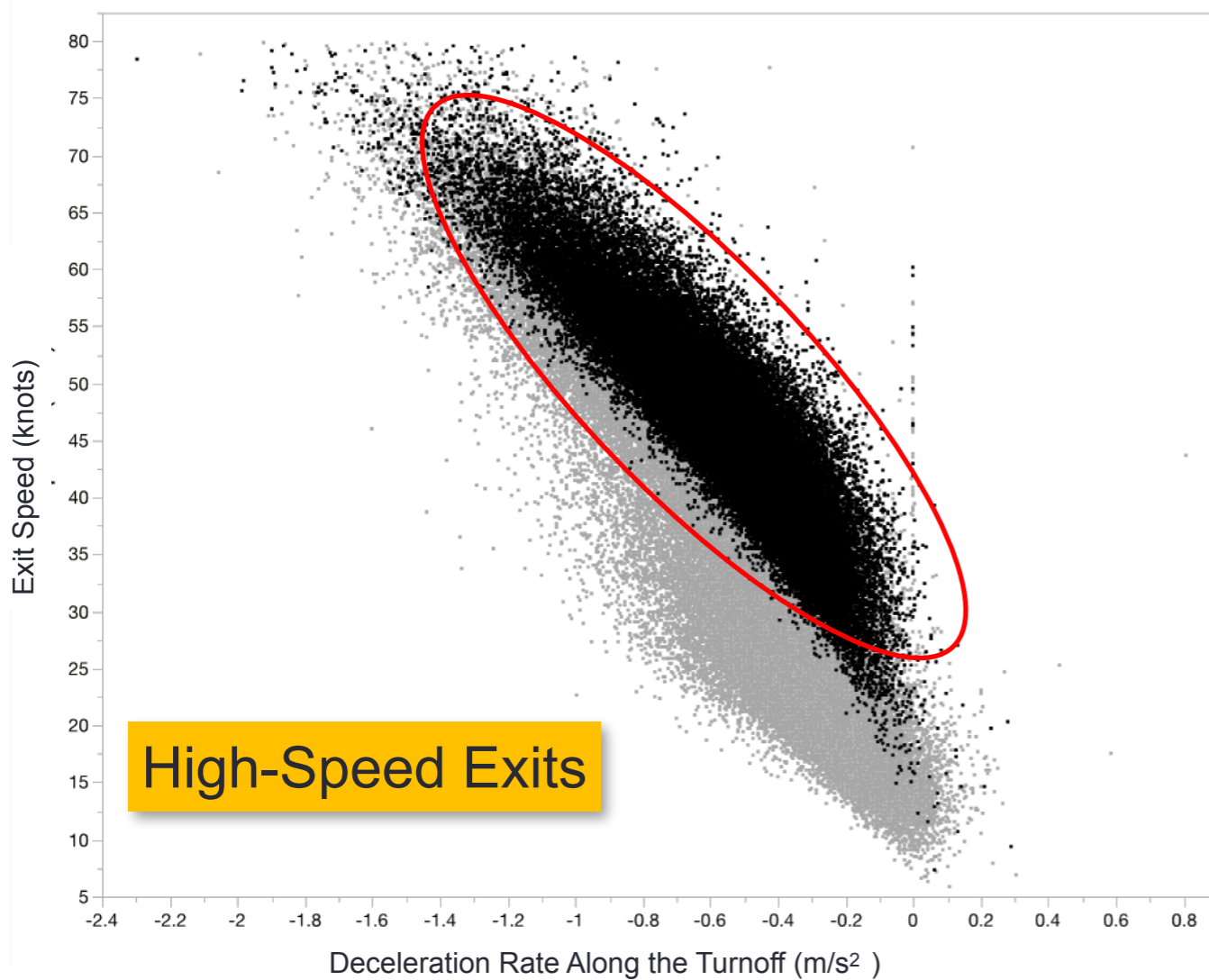
## Boeing 737-700 Data



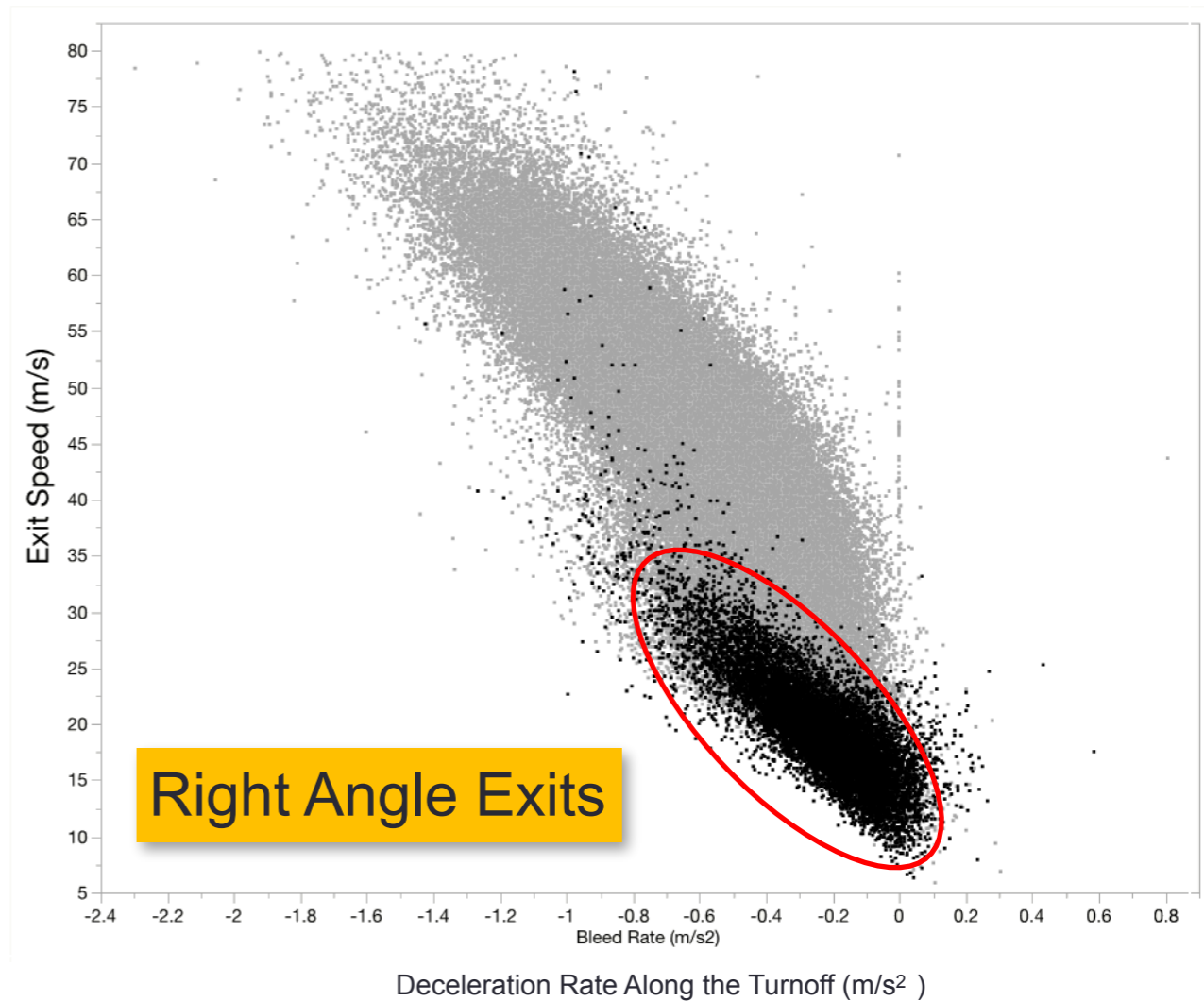
**LGA 22**      **ATL 08L**

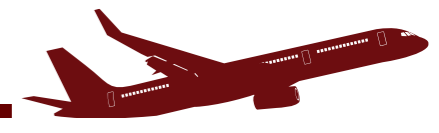


# Deceleration Rates Along the Turnoff and Exit Speed at the Point of Curvature are Correlated

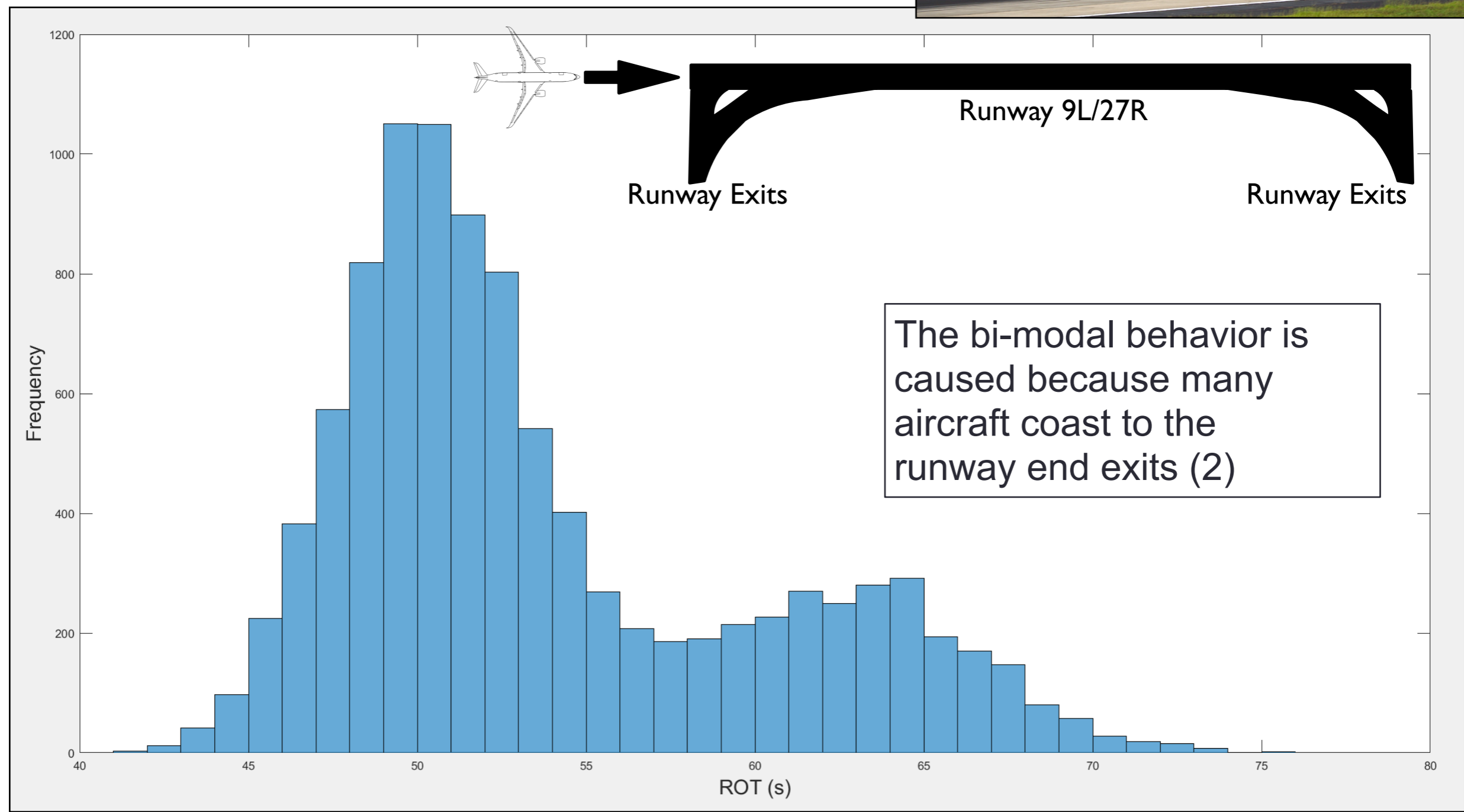


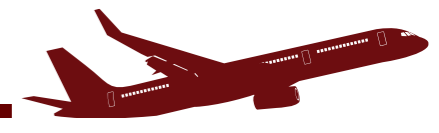
889,039 records  
for ADG-III





# Airbus A321 Monte Carlo Simulation of Chicago O'Hare Runway 9L





# Runway Exit Design Interactive Model (REDIM 3)



WELCOME TO REDIM VERSION 2.0 !!!

INPUT the percentages of aircraft: Press <Tab> key after editing.

Peak Period Operation Mix

TERPS-A	TERPS-B	TERPS-C	TERPS-D	TERPS-E
PA-38-112 :0	BE-58 :2	A-300-600 :0	B-747-200B:0	F-4 :0
PA-28-161 :0	BE-300 :4	A-310-300 :0	B-747-400 :0	
PA-28-236 :0	CE-402C :0	A-320-200 :0	DC-10-30 :0	
PA-32-301 :0	SAAB-340 :27	B-767-300 :0	MD-11 :0	
CE-172 :0	EMB-120 :14	FOKKER-100 :0	C-5A :0	
BE-F33A :0	SA-227 :0	BAe-146 :0	L-1011 :0	
CE-200 :2	BE-2000 :0	B-727-200 :0	DC-8-73 :0	
PA-46-310P :2	CE-421 :0	B-737-300 :0		
CE-182 :0	CE-F406 :0	B-737-400 :0		
CE-210P :0	DHC-7 :10	MD-83 :0		
	PA-42-1000 :0	MD-87 :0		
	P180 :0	B-757-200 :0		
	CE-550 :5	LEARJET-55 :0		
	CE-650 :0	G1159C :0		
	LEARJET-31 :6	BAe-125-80 :0		
	BE-400 :0	IA-1124A :0		
	IA-1125 :0	CL-601-3A :0		
	DHC-8 :25			
	DA-200 :0			
	SHORTS 330 :0			

NO. of Aircraft = 11  
TOTAL Percentage = 100

REDIM 2.1 (circa 1994)  
Five aircraft modeled directly  
45 aircraft modeled indirectly

REDIM 3.0 (2018)  
275 aircraft modeled directly

Input Parameters

Case and Navigation Panel

ROT Table

Analysis Info

Selected Aircraft

- A320-200 - Airbus A320-200 - 20%
- A380 - Airbus A380 - 10%
- B737-800 - Boeing B737-800 - 20%
- B757-200 - Boeing B757-200 - 20%
- BE-300 - Beechcraft B300 Super King Air 350 - 20%
- BE-F33A - Beech Bonanza F33A - 10%

Analysis Constrains

- Runway/Taxiway Distance: 183 meters / 600 feet
- Taxiway Junction Speed: 36 kmh / 19 knots

Environmental Data

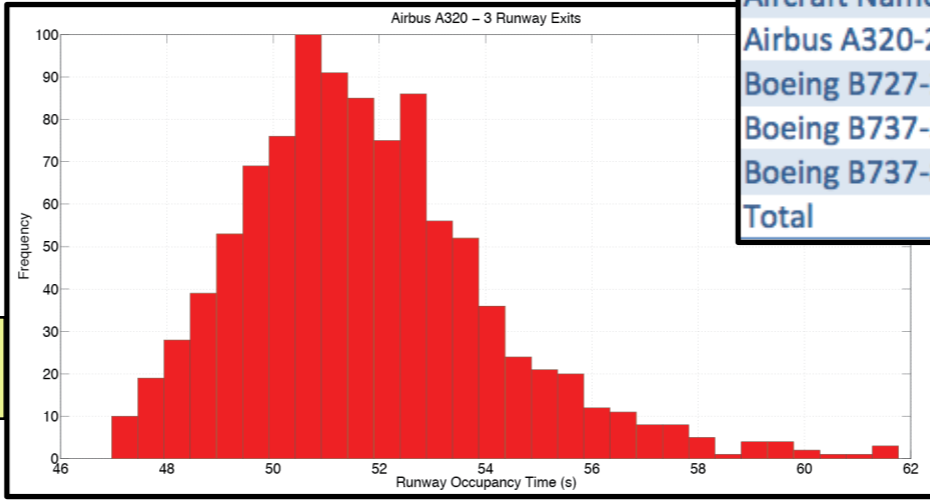
- Wind Speed: 0 kmh / 0 knots
- Wind Direction: 0°
- Airport Elevation: 0 meters / 0 feet
- Airport Temperature: 15°C / 59°F

Aircraft Name	Exit 1	Exit 2	Exit 3
Airbus A320-200	57.2s / 57.5s	0.0s / 63.4s	
Boeing B727-200	57.6s / 57.7s	0.0s / 63.2s	
Boeing B737-300	56.9s / 57.0s		
Boeing B737-800	56.6s / 56.7s	61.3s / 62.3s	0.0s / 85.0s

Aircraft Name	Exit 1	Exit 2	Exit 3
Airbus A320-200	6.0% / 2.7%	0.5% / 3.6%	0.0% / 0.2%
Boeing B727-200	1.7% / 0.7%	0.3% / 1.2%	0.0% / 0.1%
Boeing B737-300	2.0% / 1.8%	0.0% / 0.2%	
Boeing B737-800	20.1% / 1.9%	18.5% / 25.5%	0.9% / 12.2%
Total	29.8% / 7.0%	19.3% / 30.5%	0.9% / 12.5%

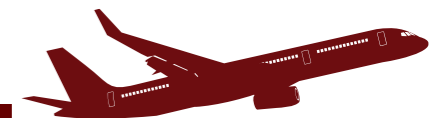
Exit Assignment Table

ROT Plot

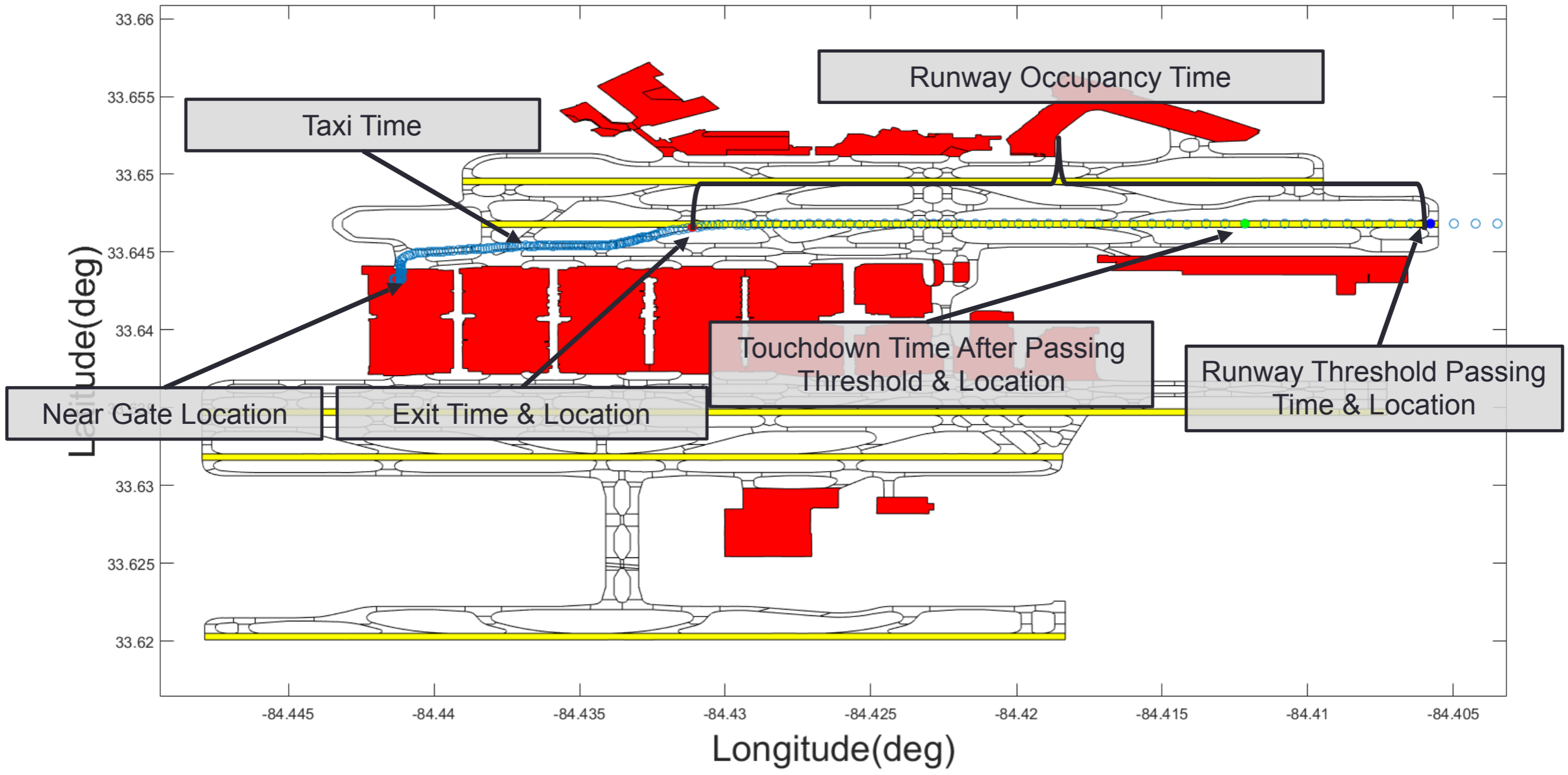




# Taxi Event Extraction Tool from ASDE-X (non-adaptation) Surveillance for Surface Performance Evaluation

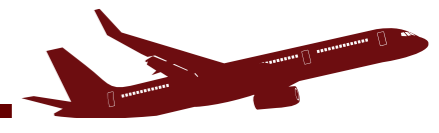


# Evaluate Unimpeded Taxi In/out Times at Airports using ASDE-X Surveillance Data



Flight arrival extraction events





# Summary of Processed Files

**Table 1 Summary of ASDE-X Number of Operations**

Airport Name	# Parsed Arrival Flights	% Arrivals with All Events	# Parsed Departure Flights	% Departures with All Events
ATL	38,973	98.4%	37,185	98.3%
CLT	22,786	98.3%	21,666	96.9%
DEN	24,015	87.0%	22,188	85.0%
IAH	22,414	93.0%	22,048	92.4%
JFK	18,465	85.0%	17,011	81.0%
ORD	39,053	97.6%	37,899	94.1%



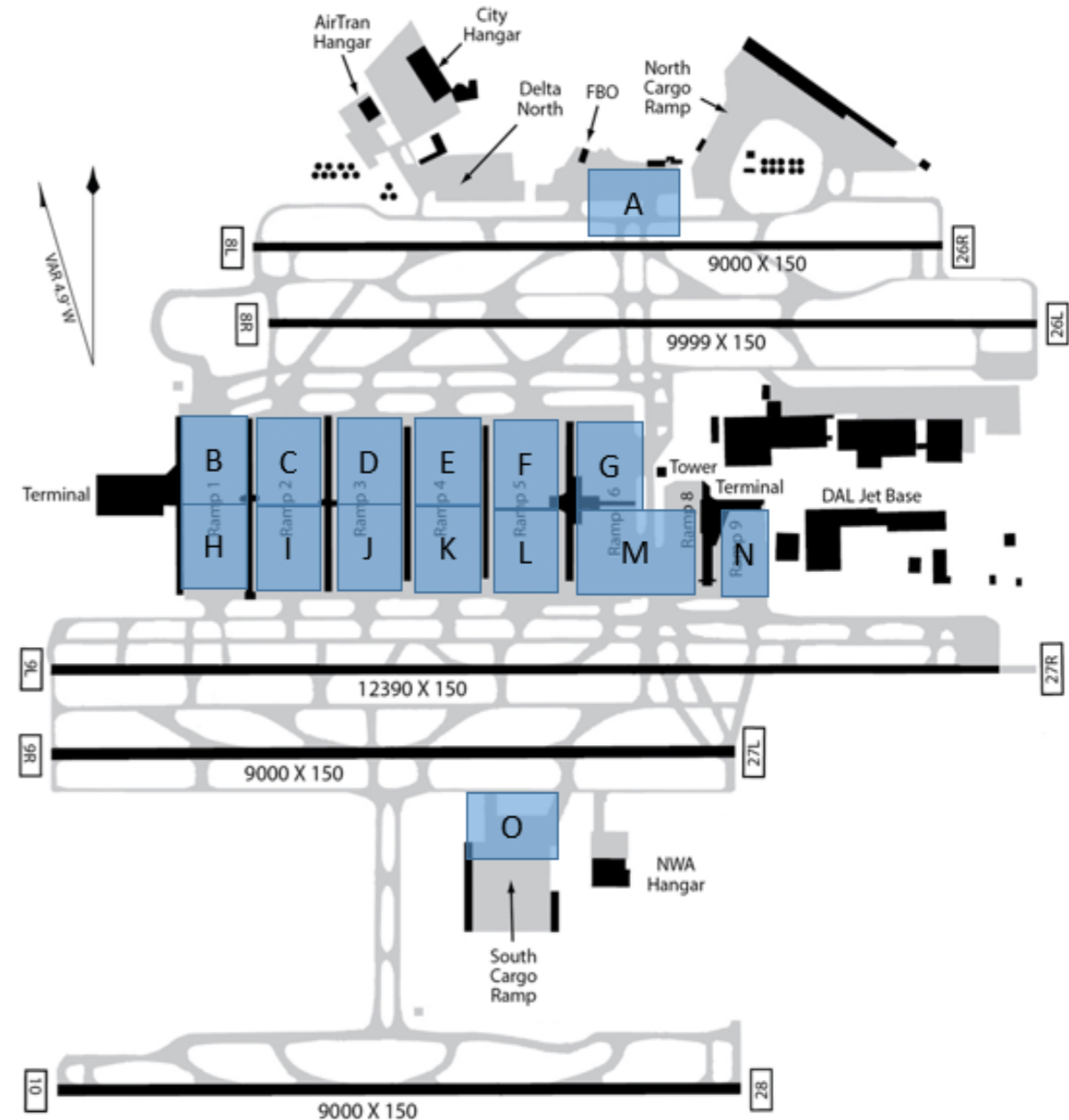


# Methods for Estimating Unimpeded Taxi Time

**1- FAA Regression (NomTo):** A linear regression is used to estimate the taxi times during hours of no congestion

**2- 5<sup>th</sup>-15<sup>th</sup> Percentile:** Flights with the same runway and gate are grouped together. The average of the taxi times between 5th and 15th percentile are considered as the unimpeded taxi time for each group cluster

**3- Waiting Method:** Aircraft time taxiing below 3 m/s (~6 knots) is recorded and the cumulative waiting time is considered as delay time



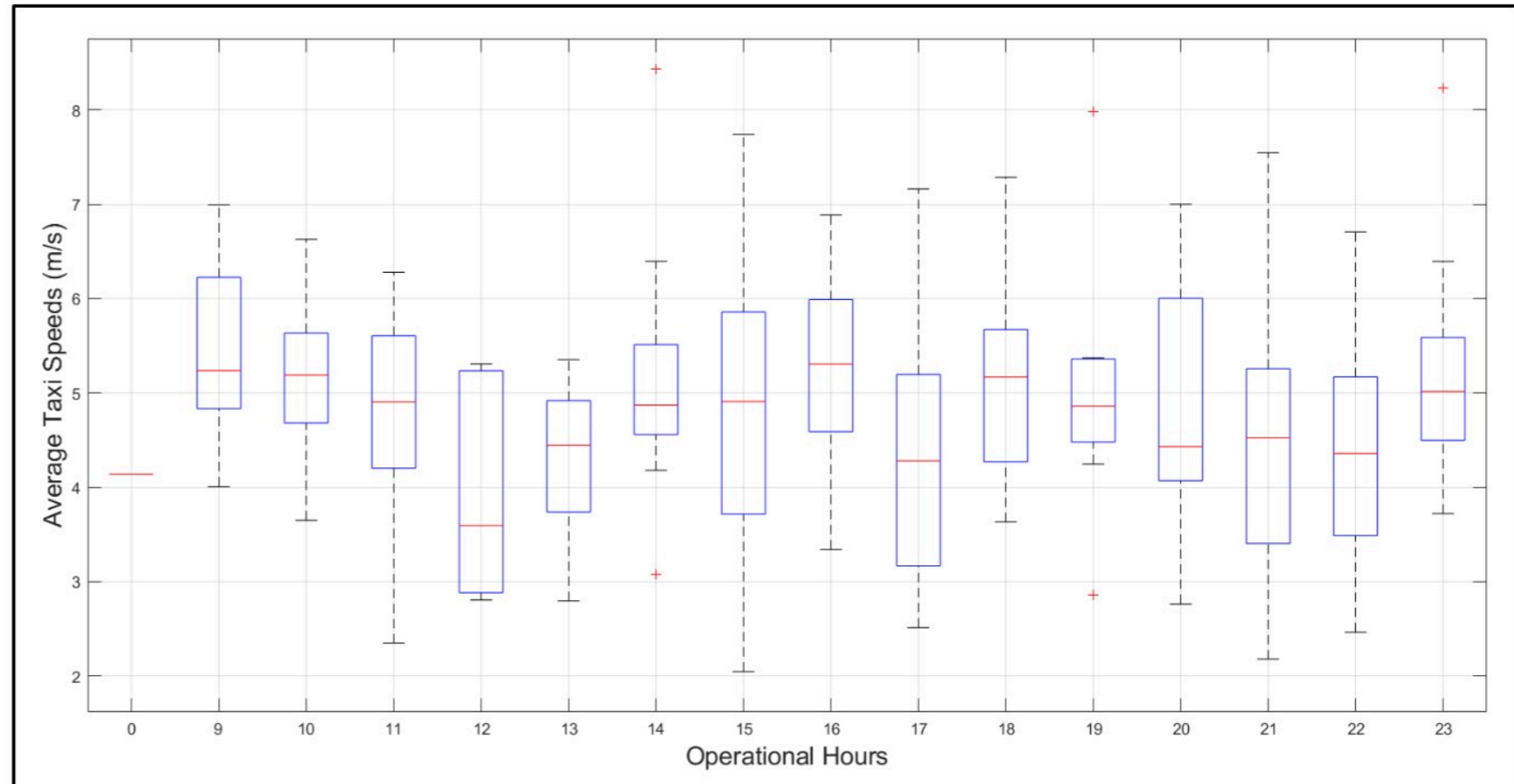


# Unimpeded Taxi-Out Time Results

Average Departure Taxi-Out Unimpeded Times

Airport	FAA Regression (NomTo)	5 <sup>th</sup> - 15 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Waiting Method
ATL	13.0	11.7	11.6
CLT	12.2	12.1	12.7
DEN	11.3	10.0	11.7
IAH	11.4	11.7	12.1
JFK	17.8	17.3	17.3
ORD	11.7	12.3	11.5

Average Taxing Speed of  
 Departure Flights from Gate  
 Group A to Runway 18C at  
 CLT for Different Operational  
 Hours (**Waiting Method**)





# Unimpeded Taxi-In Time Results

Average Arrival Taxi-In Unimpeded Times (minutes)

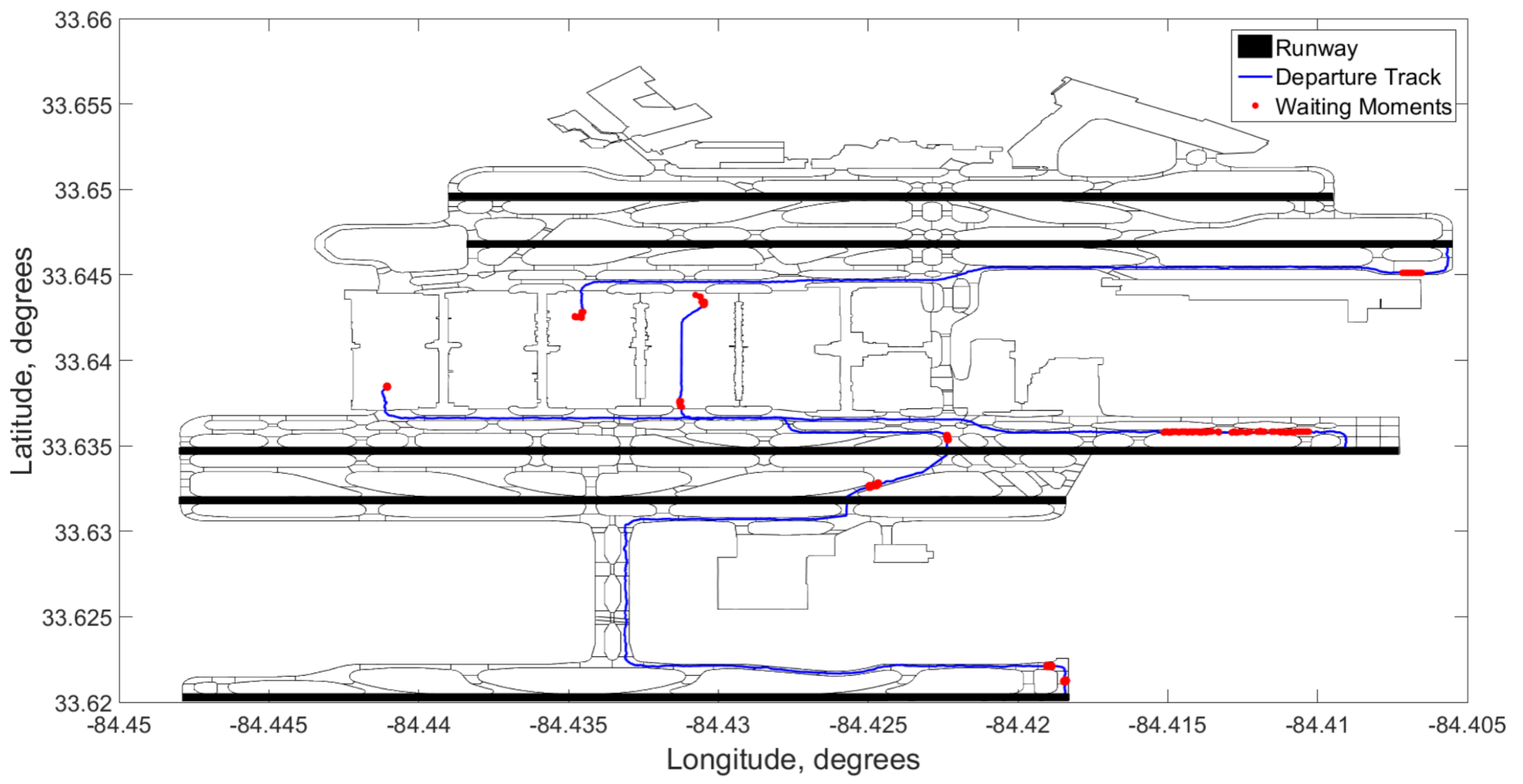
Airport	FAA Regression (NomTo)	5 <sup>th</sup> - 15 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Waiting Method
ATL	6.8	5.6	6.2
CLT	5.7	6.7	7.6
DEN	6.3	5.6	6.3
IAH	5.1	5.1	6.3
JFK	7.2	5.3	7.5
ORD	5.8	7.7	8.7

Average Calculated Delay for Arrival Flights (minutes)

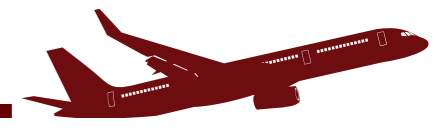
Airport	FAA Regression (NomTo)	5 <sup>th</sup> - 15 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Waiting Method
ATL	1.6	2.58	1.53
CLT	5.8	4.9	3.8
DEN	1.55	2.2	1.1
IAH	3.6	3.6	1.5
JFK	2.3	4.1	1.4
ORD	6.6	4.7	3



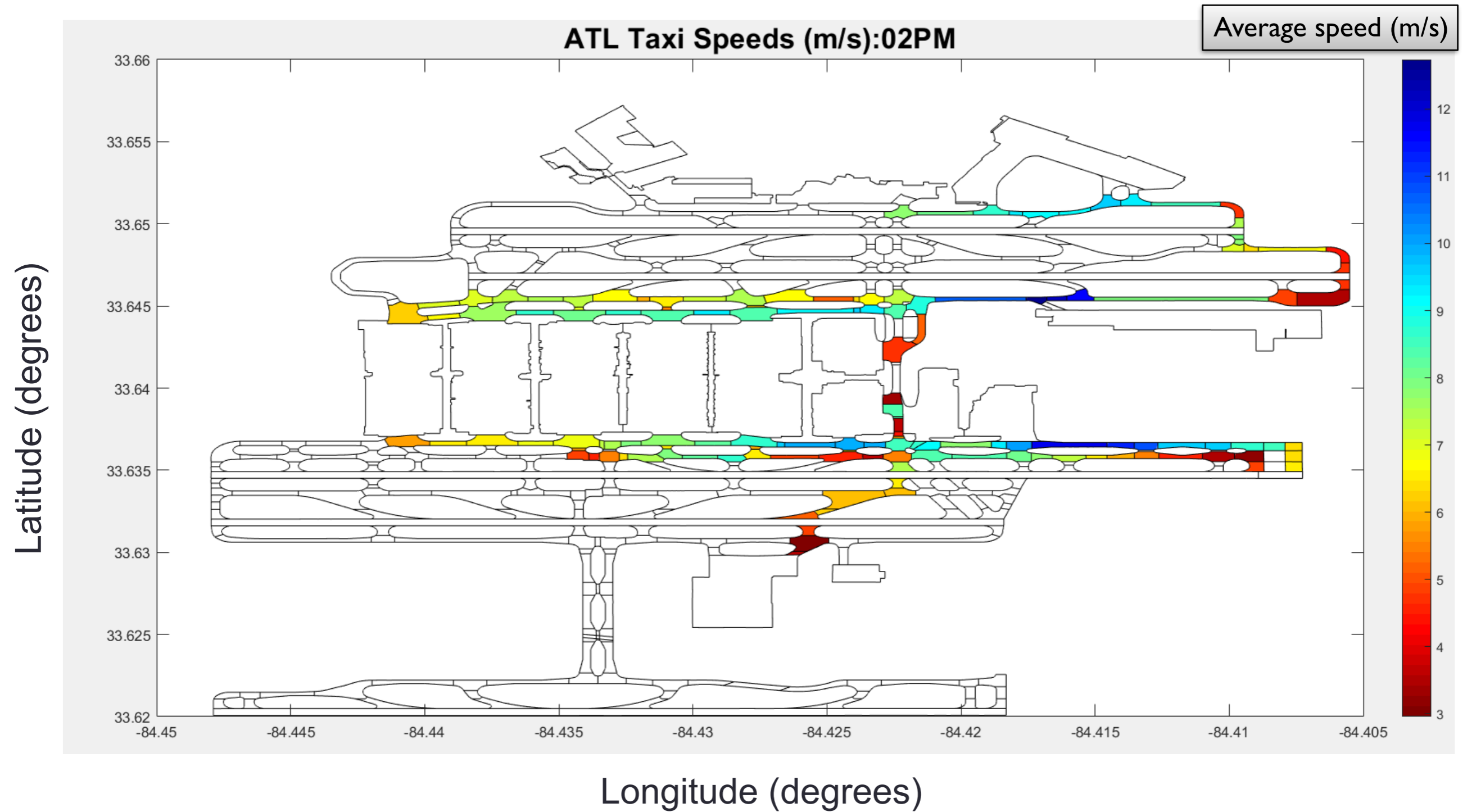
# Spatial Analysis of Runway and Taxi Data



\* Waiting moments = Traveling at <3 m/s

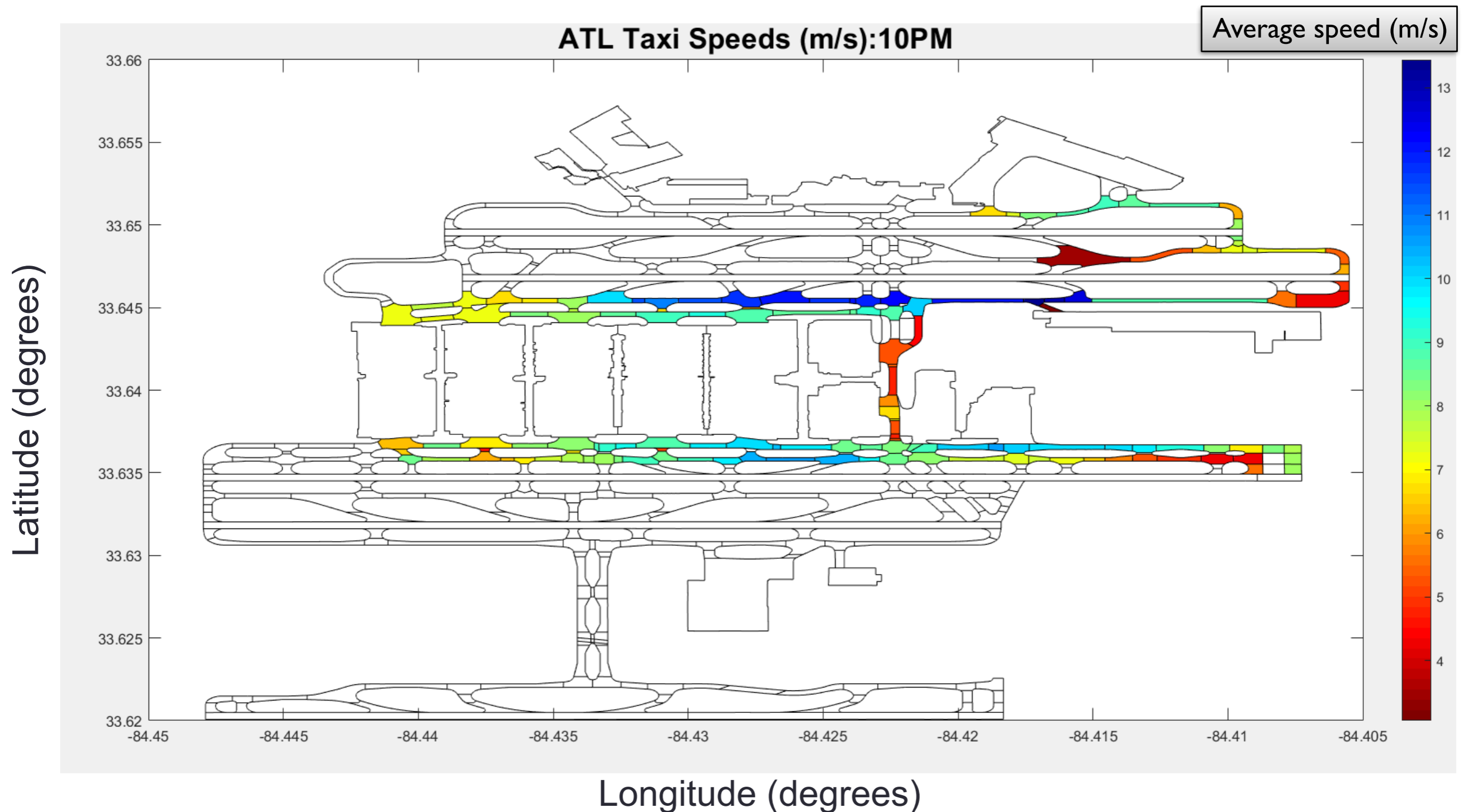


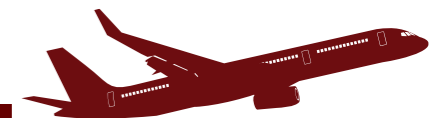
# Atlanta Airport Taxiway Speed Map at 2 PM





# Atlanta Airport Taxiway Speed Map at 10 PM





# Taxi Even Extraction Tool Developed in Matlab



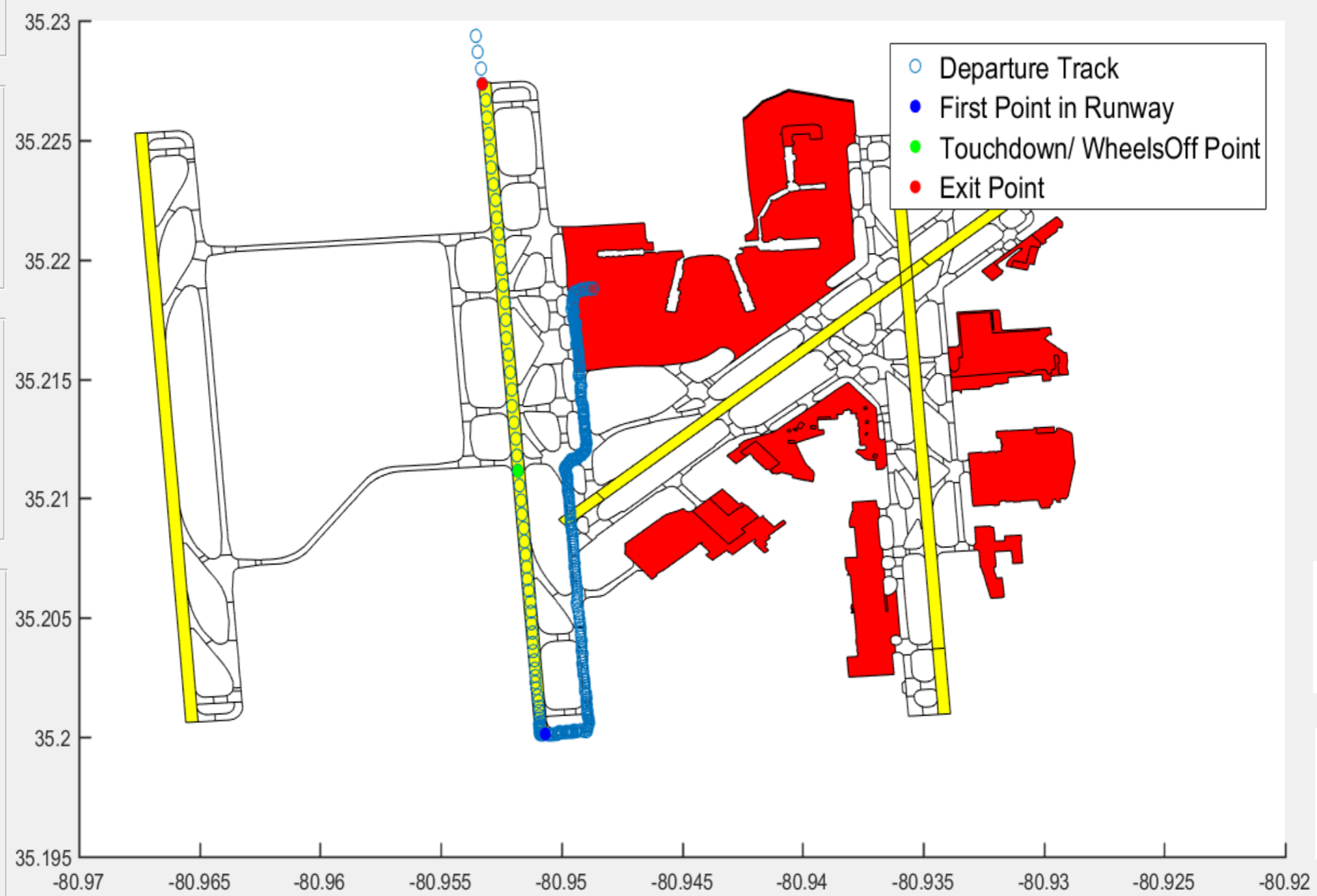
Select Airport

Batch Mode

Single File Upload  
  
 Enter Output Name:

Event Extraction  
  
 Processed Flight: 2455

Drawing Flight Track  
 Please use this panel when  
 the outputs are saved!  
 Enter File Number  
 (just for Batch Mode)



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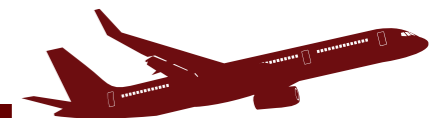
# Conclusions

- Three computer products developed to help FAA decision makers study and analyze large amounts of airport surface data
  - **Landing events database** contains runway occupancy times and could help in runway exit evaluation and design initiatives
  - **Runway exit design model** is a tool to optimize the location of runway exits
  - **Taxi event extraction tool** for surface performance evaluation
- NEXTOR II universities can produce **ready-to-use** tools and models for various FAA sponsors and industry





# Backup Slides



# Modeling Challenges: Pilot Motivational Practices

